

Evening

WEEKLY



Gazette.

VOL. 2.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1878.

NO. 10.

AN UNFORTUNATE.

Professor R. A. Clark, who now awaits his trial in Carson for the killing of Albert Adams, has written a letter to the *Enterprise*. The communication shows plainly that Clark is an over-sensitive and unfortunate man. He makes no plea or statement in regard to the killing whatever, but asks a little kindness. In showing how thoughtless comment has wounded one who is already extremely miserable, Mr. Clark says:

This wall from a dungeon, Mr. Editor, I send you, not as a taunt—God knows I have no malice in my heart—but as an argument, a plea for others in distress and towards whom nature has been ungenerous. Could the world in which I have moved for the past two years have lifted the curtain of my heart it would have stood appalled at the suffering it so lightly inflicted. Look around you and you can doubtless see others whose hearts are breaking. If you ever have occasion to speak of them use kind words. They are easily spoken but infinitely precious to the wounded heart.

It is not rare to see musicians who have the sensibilities of a woman. These are doomed to constant trial through half, and the noise of common life, is always discord to them. They are too observant of their own peculiarities, and while never seeking to harm any, they are constantly being jostled and tortured by enforced contact with the world.

The Virginia *Chronicle* thinks that this sensitiveness and non-conformity "is a misfortune in any one, but it can be overcome. The way to cure it is to mingle much with people and endeavor to fall into the prevailing rut of society." The opinion is entirely shallow and ungenerous. A man can no more change that portion of his nature than he can will to be happy or sad. The *Chronicle* reaches its opinion, however, from this standpoint: "Mr. Clark unfortunately resorted to the pistol to maintain himself against prevailing notions. He was taunted by boys and resented the indignity." If this be a prevailing notion, it is matter of news. We would not be understood as justifying a crime because the actor is over sensitive, by any means. Mr. Clark has offended the laws and must be tried by them. His nature is not his defense, but we submit that it is ungenerous to quote prevailing notions as a guide for any man's life, and, further to refuse him even common sympathy because he did not live in the "prevailing rut of society." A more flippant and unworthy opinion we have never read.

HON. A. J. TYRRELL.

The State press has been talking a great deal lately about a dark horse which would win the gubernatorial race without a previous record. All sorts of guesses have been sent to the political market and none have yet been accepted. The gentleman whose name heads this article seems, however, to stand in the background at present surrounded by numerous friends. We are not aware that Mr. Tyrrell has ever entered the political field before. Neither have we any knowledge of his position upon various State issues. He is represented, however, as a staunch Republican and a popular man. His long residence on the Comstock has provided him an excellent business record and a large acquaintance. One thing in regard to Mr. Tyrrell's candidacy has struck us as an evidence of strength, viz: that his name is taken up eagerly by the large class of working men who are his acquaintances. Mr. Tyrrell is, we believe, hard at work already. Can it be that he is the dark horse?

That old-time Democrat, Jeff Davis, has now a suit at law which makes him rich. Jeff has been compelled to chew plug tobacco lately, and limit himself to one rebellious letter each year. He will now eat fine-cut and enlarge upon the Lost Cause semi-annually.

AN IMPORTANT COMPROMISE.

A telegram from San Francisco to the Comstock June 7th says that the basis of a compromise between the leading mining companies of the Comstock and the Suto Tunnel company has been agreed upon.

The *Chronicle* thinks this will be welcome news to every man in Storey county. It will be the beginning of a new era in the history of the Comstock when the Suto tunnel taps and drains the great lode. It had been feared that because of a disagreement between the Tunnel company and the mining companies the benefits to be derived from the tunnel would be deferred indefinitely, pending the determination of tedious litigation. It is gratifying to know that there is now no ground for such a fear.

Holders of shares in the Central Comstock mines will be especially pleased with this compromise, as it assures them of a future for their property which scarcely any other circumstance could bring about.

It is worth while to say that Mr. Fair is without information which would enable him to vouch for or deny the truth of the telegram in question.

Mr. Requa believes that there is no truth in the report.

The Suto is now about under the Savage dump at a depth of 1680 feet and about 500 feet from the west wall of the Comstock. The tunnel is already in Comstock ground, so the final agreement must soon be made.

MITCHELL'S DEFEAT IN OREGON.

Here is an editorial utterance from the New York *Times* which every Republican newspaper in the State should publish. Not because it applies to our Senator Jones, but because there is a valuable moral involved in the recital which may easily provide rules of action in relation to other officers of the public gift. We do not undertake to say that we have one unscrupulous political schemer in Nevada, but they have in Oregon, as the subjoined will show:

The election of a United States Senator in place of Mitchell will devolve on the Legislature which has just been elected in Oregon. Mitchell desired to be his own successor and his friends were rather more intent on nominating candidates for the Legislature who would vote for Mitchell than those who would bring out the full Republican vote of their districts. As a natural consequence a Legislature with a Democratic majority has been elected. Mitchell somewhat ostentatiously identified himself with railroad schemes which were more obvious in the interests of Jay Gould than of the State which he represented. Oregon having been compelled to choose between Mitchell and a Democrat, and having preferred the latter alternative, in the next Senate there will be one Republican less, because the party "machine" in Oregon was used simply to further the ends of a selfish and not over-scrupulous political schemer. As if to emphasize the lesson taught by the result of the struggle for the Legislature, the Republicans have elected their candidates for Governor, Secretary of State and Treasurer. A moral may possibly be found for the instruction of the Republican party of the State of New York in what is at once a victory and a defeat for the party in Oregon.

The Eureka *Sentinel* publishes an editorial utterance which claims that worry and not excess of brain-work is what kills so many editors. Considering that the *Sentinel* stole the editorial in question it would seem that the editor fears the overwork most, after all. An opinion which, in the manner of delicacy, contradicts itself. A sort of still-born editorial, as it were.

A special dispatch from Des Moines to the Omaha *Bee* says the Communitists there say boldly that on the day when Congress adjourns, June 17th, every ear wheel in the United States will stop at noon. They are evidently preparing for some important event.

In some counties they prepare to go to jail, just after such threats against law and order.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

There are in Europe at the present time 1507 theatres. Italy, with a population of 26,000,000, supports 348; France, with 36,000,000, has 337, and Spain, with 16,000,000, has 160. On the other hand, the empire of Germany, which now reckons 41,000,000 subjects, has but 191 theatres; and the empire of Austria, 152, for a population 36,000,000. Finally, Great Britain supports only 150 theatres and Russia 44, although its population amounts to 60,000,000. These figures show a remarkable preponderance of the dramatic instinct in the Latin race.

General P. E. Connor, of Eureka, passed through to-day, homeward bound. He is spoken of as a candidate for Governor of Nevada at the ensuing election. It is thought that he will be a candidate before the Republican convention, but we hope he will run independent. He is a man whose public record as an officer in the United States army and private character as a citizen are above reproach or suspicion. — *Silver State*.

Governor Connor is, we believe, all that the *Silver State* says of him, but he has been looking more towards the Governorship of Utah through government appointment. We should like to see General Connor turned loose among the Polygamists.

No doubt it would be a great change for a United States Senator from Nevada to know that he represented the people of that State, and not so much capital which he, or somebody who owned him, chose to invest in the speculation. It would also be a great change to have a good sound Democrat in that position, who would vote his vote and say his say, not like the noisome catpaw of a railroad corporation, or the creature of so much capital embarked in hazardous speculation, but like a man, a good citizen and a sound Democrat. — *S. F. Cor. Sentinel*.

Noisome catpaw is good and yet this San Franciscoan does not speak of Jas. Farley, recently pushed into the Senate for California.

An exchange says: "Dr. F. J. White and R. M. Daggett returned yesterday morning from their visit of inspection to the insane asylum at Stockton, and report matters and things in a much better condition than had been reported." And the *Reveille* adds: "Yes; Dr. White and Mr. Daggett were expected at the asylum, and the place was up on its best behavior. But how many patients have been discharged cured from Langdon & Clark's contract asylum?"

The Eureka *Sentinel* has found a Democratic aspirant for senatorial honors. The strike was made through a man who resides in San Francisco. He enters A. M. Hillhouse for the race, and the *Sentinel* seconds the motion, and promises to act as pail bearer. The *Silver State* and *Elko Independent* have not been heard from.

The New York *Times* says of the local paper:

You might nearly as well forget your churches, your academies and your school-houses, as to forget your local paper. It speaks to ten times the audience that your local minister does. It is read eagerly each day and each week from beginning to end. It reaches you all, and if it has a lower spirit and wisdom than a sermon, it has a thousand times better chance at you, laying as it does, on every table in almost every house, you owe it to yourselves to rally to its support, and exact from it as able, lightened a character as you do from an educator in your midst. It is in no sense beneath notice and care—unless you yourself are beneath notice and care—for it is your representative. Indeed, it is the summation of the importance, interest and welfare of you all. It is the aggregate of your own consequence, and you can not ignore it without miserably depreciating yourself.

The *Herald's* Paris cable says: The French journals all praise our agricultural implements, and say they are

unrivaled in Europe. Oregon and California wheat is attracting a great deal of attention. The mineral exhibit from the Pacific coast embraces 6,400 specimens, many of them of great size and value. All the famous mines of California, Nevada and Arizona are represented in the collection, which, as a whole, is the finest ever brought to Europe. Among the curious things which have just been added to our own section, is a superb jewel casket from the private collection of Mrs. Sunderland, of San Francisco. It is made entirely of gold and gold-bearing quartz from the Pacific coast mines. In beauty of workmanship it is unrivaled. It is in the exhibit of Thomas Oakley.

Deacon Parkinson of the *Tribune* is very unfortunate in expressing public opinion. He has been to Douglas county lately and returned saying that the people of that region wanted to be annexed to Ormsby county. The *News* replies to the effect that Mr. Parkinson is wilfully wrong. That paper is irrelevant enough to call the Deacon a V. & T. phonograph, and adds that in his every act there is the relation of master and serf. Parkie's scheme to annex Douglas county, and the ease with which he assumes to speak for that county, are on a par with his opinion upon other matters—harmless and valuable only as criminals.

A San Francisco preacher stepped into the pulpit with a full stomach and delivered himself of this:

Christianity says to the rich, "Do that which is just and equal;" and to the poor, "Render service not as eye-servants and men-pleasers, but faithfully, as unto God."

It will be seen that this sermonizer realizes that the rich man has no important duties to render to his maker, while the poor man must be rather careful. Christianity does not say any such awkward idiocies as the one quoted. In the mouths of well-fed drivers, however, charity itself would lose its meaning.

Somebody who is either proprietor of a powder mill or wants to be Grand Marshal, writes to the San Francisco *Chronicle* to know, "If patriotism is dead." He wants fire-crackers on the 4th of July. The editor of the *Chronicle* does not seem to know, and hence we reply: Pat, dear reader, is not altogether dead, but has been very unwell, we have been giving him Potter prescriptions lately and a few more pills like Anderson and McLin, will brace him up without doubt.

POTTER.

Clarkson N. Potter of New York is at heart a rebel. Lack of opportunity may prevent him from deserving the noose, but his struggles in that direction are satisfactorily disloyal. He compelled the government to pay for an investigation of his political opponents. He compelled the House of Representatives to censure a rank injustice. He leans for the strength of his cause upon a confessed perjurer, and has for sympathizers only those members of his own party who desire war and abetted secession. The perjurer proves nothing but his own infamy, and the investigation only establishes the fact that there are men left in this republic who desire its destruction. Mr. Potter is attempting to impeach good men upon the testimony of thieves. He calls this process making ammunition for the Democrats. We wish them an abundance of such ammunition, and when that Democratic gun is well charged, if the old flint lock don't explode and kill off the strength of the party, Mr. Potter will not secure the legitimate fruit of all his labors.

Geo. MacCullough reports a big strike in the Reeves & Berry mine, in Spring Valley. A large body of high grade ore has been met with.

THE BEST POLICY.

The coming election for Senator and Congressman will be one of great importance to every State in the Union. The hue of the next Congress is in question, and the defense or repudiation of national policies inaugurated by the Republicans, will be determined at the polls. In Nevada especially we should see to it that a Republican legislature is elected in order that we may not send to Washington men of the Potter stripe, to experiment upon the national life and nullify the good results reached through strife and hardship.

This will not be as easy a task in Nevada as many would have us believe. There are local issues which must be consulted, and which will outweigh mere patriotism in the minds of the average citizen. These local interests are the immediate concern of every voter. Their protection is his first care, and to trifle with them is to invite his hostility. For these reasons and many more which they will suggest, we believe in bringing the choice as near to the voter as possible. Give him due weight and influence before and after the convention. He pays the taxes, let him know that you consider him personally interested in the matter at all times. There should be no disposition shown to limit his privileges or take anything from him. Every voter has an idea of the immediate wants of his county and State. Ask him to express these as well in the making of platforms and choice of delegates as in final selection between candidates nominated. This will induce much zeal and interest among the people, and render Republican success easy. If, however, it is attempted to foist the views of a few men upon the mass of either party, there will be a mixed vote on election day.

Put this affair in the hands of the people, gentlemen. Let them elect delegates and thus have a direct voice in choosing their standard bearers. If this course be pursued, Republican nominations will be equivalent to elections this fall. If the opposite practice finds favor those who nominate will have to convince the people afterwards. Hand this matter to the people and ask them to defend their interests. They will not be slow to comply. Ask them to support party hacks and one man choice. They will do as they please.

POTTERS BOOMERANG.

Republicans should take some little thought in regard to the Democratic side-shows in Washington and Florida. You will want to refer to the animals before long. It has never been the policy of this paper to call every Democrat a thief or rebel, but when men of the Potter stripe ask for public consideration, we want them to have a large audience. They are now trying to repudiate a decision which was reached through their active aid and council. They are trying to impeach high character by the testimony of confessed perjurers. They are trying to build up a sensation without regard to its probable consequence in revolution. They want to cause you voters to repudiate Republican principles because they can hire criminals to make out that their former oaths was perjury. What sort of testimony is this? What kind of ammunition is it? What kind of a bid is it for your votes? Potter is throwing his missiles right and left. Anderson has fallen, McLin has failed and Potter's complete discomfiture will be equal in degree to the unscrupulous means, and the traitorous intent of his scheme.

A transaction that suits everybody—taking down the parlor stove for the season.

The Methodists of Boston have paid off the debt of \$17,000 upon their city mission.

50 Cts. Per Week.

All classes of legitimate advertisements not exceeding six lines inserted in this column for 50 Cents per week. Nothing inserted for less than 50 Cents. To find out the number of lines an advertisement will make, reckon five words for the first line, and seven words for each subsequent line. Fractions of lines charged as full lines.

Bed Bug War!
I AM after the pesky critters with a fresh supply of Brummers best, just received, with sufficient of the latest style of patent blowers to blow the headlight out of all the bed bugs on the coast. Buy some. A. H. BARNES, Reno, Nevada. 6-5-5v

Wanted.
THREE OR FOUR FURNISHED ROOMS are wanted. Suitable for light house-keeping for a family of three. Address P. O. box 980. 6-7-1v

Shave You?
NICK HAMMERSMITH IS NOW RUNNING three chairs at the Crystal Barber Shop, in the Wine House Commercial Block. He does the best work, as usual. Call on him, and you will neither have to wait for a chair nor growl at his work. 6-5-1v

House to Rent.
A NEWLY FURNISHED HOUSE ON Fourth street, containing five rooms, cellar and pantry, at reasonable rates. Apply to Geo. Beckner. 6-4-1v

Instrumental Music.
BY PROFESSOR OLE LARSON, SR., one of the best violinists in the State. Orders left at C. J. Brooks. 6-3-1v

Warning.
THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT R. L. Caldwell is not now nor never will be in my employ again. All parties are warned not to trust him on my account. RENO, June 3d, 1878. STEPHEN CONNOR. [dtw wklly 6m]

Western Star Hotel.
THIS FAVORITE HOTEL ON CENTER Street has been refitted and repainted throughout by Jacob Muran, and will be opened May 27th. The best of Board, also finest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, may be had at this hotel. Give me a call. 5-25-4w JACOB MURAN.

House to Rent.
A HOUSE CONTAINING FOUR ROOMS kitchen and bedroom can be rented upon favorable terms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply to Wm. Geogel, at Davidson's. 5-30-3w

Rooms Wanted.
A LADY DESIRES TO RENT TWO rooms, centrally located, and suitable for a millinery establishment. Apply immediately at this office. 5-30-3w

For Sale.
33 ACRES OF UNIMPROVED LAND, one mile and a half from Court-house, ample water rights. Apply to J. S. Gilson. 4-22-4w

Personal.
THE GOOD-LOOKING BUT HONEST farmer who said last year that fruit would not grow in Nevada should visit R. P. Chapin, at the Arlington Nurseries. 4-22-4w

Piano For Sale.
ONE FRENCH UPRIGHT PIANO, WILL be sold cheap for cash. Apply at this office. 4-22-2w

For Sale.
THOROUGHBRED AND GRADE JERSEY cattle. The finest butter stock in the world. Address W. A. Morrison, Glendale. 4w

PROFESSIONAL.

WILLIAM CAIN.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

District Attorney for Washoe County

Reno, Washoe County, Nevada.

OFFICE—West Side of Virginia street, south of Second. 5-11v

T. V. JULIEN. H. A. WALDO

WALDO & JULIEN.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

RENO, NEVADA.

Office in the Journal Building. 1-31v

Boardman & Varian,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Reno, Washoe County, Nevada.

OFFICE—Second street. 5-11v

A. DAWSON, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office—East side of Virginia Street, Reno Residence, West street between Second and Commercial Row. 1-281v

DR. W. BERGMAN,

Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE—Second street, next door to Webster's law office, Reno, Nevada.

T. N. SNOW, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon.

GRADUATED at University of the Pacific.

OFFICE—At the International Hotel, Reno, Nevada. 6-4-1v

THOS. E. HAYDON,

Attorney at Law.

Also NOTARY PUBLIC, and COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS FOR CALIFORNIA.

Office on Virginia street, south of Second street, Reno. 4-41v

W. L. KNOX.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office—Odd Fellows' Building, Second St. 16 RENO, NEV.

JOP PRINTING

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES, AT THIS OFFICE

RENO WEEKLY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

ALEXANDER & HAYDEN,

PROPRIETORS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One year, in advance, \$4.00
Six months, 2.50
Three months, 1.50

TEARLY, QUARTERLY AND MONTHLY ADVERTISEMENTS ACCORDING TO CONTRACT.

Office in McParlin's building, Sierra Street, north of the Railroad.

AGENTS:

GEO. M. MOTT, is our only authorized agent at Sacramento. He is empowered to make contracts, collect and receipt for all advertisements from that place, published in the Daily or Weekly GAZETTE.
L. P. FISHER, 21 Merchants' Exchange, is duly authorized to act as our agent in San Francisco.

Friday, June 14, 1878

INDIAN TROUBLES.—OUR MODE OF SETTLING THEM.

Through the indiscretion and avarice of the white men, both in official station and in private life, and through the restless treachery of the Indians, an Indian war has been started in southern Idaho. One little fight has already taken place which resulted in the killing of three or four white men and seven or eight Indians.

On Monday a stage driver by the name of McCutchen was killed near Camp McDermitt, which is in Elko county in this State. The stage which McCutchen was driving contained one passenger and a quantity of arms and ammunition for parties in Idaho. The firearms were taken, and the passenger barely escaped with his life. All northeastern Nevada, southern Idaho and western Utah are excited over this Bannock trouble. There are estimated to be about 300 of these in the field. Opposing these there are troops, State, Territorial and National, aggregating a force of perhaps 3,500 men. Most of these soldiers are now marching on foot to the scene of the Bannock trouble. When they have marched over a few Nevada deserts after mounted Indians, they will probably recommend some man of good sense and western information to assume control of affairs and provide a few cavalry horses, that a light cavalry force of 500 to 1,000 men may be formed. Let such a force be assisted by friendly Indians and experienced frontiersmen; divide this force into two or three detachments which shall have occasional communication with each other, and with a base line of supplies. Then let the Government issue its orders to push the war to the hilt, and to completely punish the Bannocks. On the contrary we anticipate, as in the Indian wars of the United States, when the Indians have gained some little advantage, that the government will blanket the red men and treat them far better than if they had never killed any settlers, but had quietly remained on some stupid reservation lazily drawing meager government supplies. It is not to be wondered at that the Indians have little respect for us. Our cupid-ity leads us into error and then fearing that we may let our weak avarice be known to each other, we practice stupid generosity toward the treacherous, indolent savage. The result is the expenditure of several million dollars, the killing of a few hundred soldiers and a few tens of Indians, and the placing ourselves under servile obligations to these worthless fellows, and when we will violate our pledges before a decade of years.

The settlers in Idaho have invaded upon the rights of the Bannocks, and caused these Indians to enter upon a hopeless warfare. Of course the Indians are to blame, but the white men take the lead in this matter. Nor is the Government entirely ignorant of these things. A case in hand: The writer was for several months conversant with the management of affairs on the leading reservation on this coast. Three white men took up and virtually owned large ranches in the very centre of the reservation; other white men turned their stock out on the grazing land of the reserve, and others cut timber on the government lands. The government promised the Indians to divide out small farms of the farming lands to them. What was done? After months of delay three Commissioners came out and established certain boundary lines, and appraised the improvements at the highest possible figures of all the

squatters on these reservation lands. The money was paid to these white robbers and then some of them refused to move off, nor did the government back the agent in good faith to assert and maintain the rights of the government. These things are not wholly unknown to the Indians. It is the squaw men around the reservations and those others who have their own selfish interests to subserve who, in the main, produces our Indian troubles. These men make a fair and even plausible showing of their case. Written lies are a cheap commodity, and they often find a pliant Representative as the Hon. J. K. Luttrell, of California, now a member of Congress.

Then we hear of the thieving Indian agents. Perhaps a few of these agents are dishonest, but far less than they are represented to be. To be honest, they must possess a soul that cannot be tempted for the government and their white neighbors throw every inducement about them to be dishonest. Why should not the government give to the Indians the lands it has promised since 1871, and then let them control and care entirely for themselves? There is no law of nature or real justice which demands that the government shall, year after year, expend nearly \$6,000,000 upon a few thousand worthless savages who are simply a clog to our civilization. We allow a set of rascals and misguided enthusiasts to prejudice our judgment with false reason and impose upon our better natures their mandarin sympathy. There is no solidity or propriety in all this nonsense in our way of treating the Indian. There is no use of having reservations, or having a peace policy or a war department Indian Bureau. Let the Indians alone, unless they create a war, then soundly whip them as did Wayne and Jackson.

THE POTTER MUDDLE.

The Potter investigation continues, but nothing of special importance has been elicited in the past two days. Ben Butler will endeavor to force an issue with Stanley Matthews and between the House and Senate. The witnesses examined, who have any character, have not given in evidence anything of a nature which is in the least damaging to the President or the Republican party. The Bounds-Baker dispatch simply contained gratuitous advice to Hayes as to the formation of his Cabinet—advice which he never took. General Butler has taken the contract of making out a case of impeachment against Hayes, and he is against the Judiciary committee making any recommendations either way upon the subject, leaving the case to stand as it is. Old "Oblique Eyes" wants to throw bricks, and Potter and a few other misguided Democrats are willing that he shall continue to belittle the Democratic party ostensibly over the President's shoulders.

SPEED PROGRAMME.

In another place appears the published speed programme for the Nevada State fair. It will be observed that the purses are more liberal and the chances of winning these purses are open fairly to all. The races will beyond question be as good if not better than those of preceding fairs in this State. It will also be observed that the southern counties of Oregon and all of California east of the summit of the Sierra mountains are given the same opportunities with citizens of our own State. This is as it should be, and will result in drawing many people, much good stock and choice agricultural and other exhibits from the above sections.

And now Mighels, of the Appeal, is in trouble. The Democratic committee desire him to send them a copy of the Appeal gratis. He is in a quandary whether to attribute it to Pettengill's directory or their desire to seek "the way, the truth and the life." As we wish no special success and enduring enjoyment to this committee, we hope the Carson Appeal will regularly be sent to Mr. Walker, the beseeching Secretary of the herein mentioned Democratic committee.

Suggestion to the President.

The N. Y. Herald's Washington special says there is a growing feeling among decent people that the President ought for his own sake to summarily dismiss from office the whole crew of disreputable people, beginning with the members of the Returning Board, whom his evil genius has induced him to favor, contrary to the advice of many of the best men of his party.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

There will be a fine amateur matinee at National Guard hall, Virginia, on the afternoon of the 4th of July. After the performance there will be a dance, during which two ladies—one from Virginia and one from Gold Hill—will contest for the palm of beauty. The question will be settled by seven judges and three referees.—*Virginia Chronicle*.

It is very probable that the most beautiful ladies will remain at home. Nor do we see any special reason why a lot of homely men should want to face, for an entire evening, the homeliest women of Gold Hill in Virginia city. Here's a chance for the sensible women to kick.

Stickney, the famous circus rider, says the feat of performing a triple somersault has never been successfully performed. Mr. Stickney never read the rise and progress of the Eureka Sentinel.

This unkind thrust comes from the little Footlight's bodkin. You mustn't make faces at your elders, bub.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Chase informs the world, through the New York Sun, that there are three times as many women in heaven as men, and vice versa in hell. If idiosyncrasy gives anyone choice, Mrs. Mary Ellen Chase will probably join the men.

The sign which Clarkson N. Potter hung out so rashly a few weeks ago: "History made and repaired with neatness and dispatch; facts half-sole and made as good as new," his friends should induce him to take down. He is the worst cobbler the decade has produced.—*Eureka Republican*.

NEW WATER SUPPLY.

Editor Gazette: Under the above heading appeared an article in a recent issue of your paper in which your informant would seemingly establish water rates in the town of Reno, and for the old company as well as the new company. The price of water, like the price of dry goods, will be regulated by the general law of supply and demand. Now, as you have inaugurated a water war, I propose to make a statement of facts by which purchasers may determine wisely as between the old and new companies. Mr. Evans takes his water from the same ditch that we do, but one and a half miles below, giving the Reno Water company about nine feet more pressure than the new company can possibly have. Between the points of connection made by the companies and above the ditch from which the new company obtain their water supply, are much used cattle and sheep corrals. Of course some impurities from these corrals must find their way into this water ditch, and thus not add to the desirability for drinking purposes of the water of the new water company. For the purpose of irrigation this water is all right, but the main object of town water is for use in slaking human thirst. The citizens of Reno can choose between the pure water of the Reno Water company and that of the new water company. Let those who wish good pure water inquire into the facts which I have stated and satisfy themselves.

SMITH HILL,
Agent Reno Water Company.

Demand for Workers.

A San Francisco dispatch of June 10th, says: the manager of the Free Labor Exchange reports that he cannot fill orders for men now coming from the country. Labor is in demand at wages varying from one dollar to a dollar and a half a day; but those of the workmen who are out of employment here seem indisposed to accept those wages. It is considered possible that after election there may be less difficulty in filling orders for help, many preferring to remain here where they have acquired residence until after the election is over.

A Horrible Case of Starvation.

In San Francisco, June 11th, a case of starvation was reported to the Coroner, the victim being a Chinaman, who was found dead in a wretched apartment on Pacific street, just above Bull Run alley. She had outlived her usefulness, and her master had left her to perish from want. She presented a horrible appearance when found. She was wasted to a mere skeleton, and the rats had devoured her features and dug her eyes from their socket.

The Condition of Nobeling and the Emperor.

The condition of Dr. Nobeling is much improved. It is thought likely that he will recover. The recovery of the Emperor is progressing rapidly. Yesterday he celebrated the forty-ninth anniversary of his marriage. Arrests for treasonable utterances among the classes infected with socialism continue very frequent.

THAT INVESTIGATION.

Anderson, Darrall, Mrs. Jenks & Co. are a fine lot to blacken the reputation of Sherman, Matthews, Hayes and Stoughton. We can't accept this. Such evidence lacks the color of truth and is decidedly inconsistent and contradictory. It is very probable that Sherman and Matthews have been imposed upon by Anderson, Packard, et al, and have, in their political anxiety, intercourse and action in these Louisiana affairs and with and for the parties now playing into Democratic hands, committed political mistakes—not of a criminal character, by any means, but tending to compromise their dignity as high and honorable gentlemen. The Democrats place little confidence in the testimony of political tricksters who have violated the confidence and respect of the Republican party. They know such men will lie, and everyone despises a lying traitor. The investigation is, of course, for political capital, and to draw the President and other leading Republicans into a dirty political mess. That Potter and his crowd have been disappointed in the testimony elicited, there can be no question. They, at first, were in the possession of information which was of a cumulative and quite satisfactory character, but when the witnesses took the stand and were subjected to most rigid cross-examinations, the inherent weakness of their testimony became quite apparent. Since Tilden's managers would have little or nothing to do with much of the documentary evidence now sought to be introduced before the committee, and the testimony has developed into matter of such trivial worth, one can but presume that the Democrats themselves are even now disgusted with the inquiry, and the smirching which they sought to give to the leading Republicans of the administration is now turning upon themselves.

WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

At 5 o'clock Wednesday morning, William Cullen Bryant, America's loved, honored and most venerable poet, passed to his "chamber in the silent halls of death, like one who wraps the drapery of his couch about him, and lies down to pleasant dreams." Mr. Bryant was born at Cummington, Massachusetts, November 3d, 1794. His father gave him a college education at Williams' college. At twenty-one he was admitted to the bar, and practiced law in his native State for nearly ten years. During this time he wrote for the *North American Review* and published a volume of his poems. In 1825 he removed to New York, and was engaged as an editor of the *New York Review*. The following year he connected himself with the *Evening Post*, and in 1827 gained editorial control of that journal, a position he has held ever since. Among Mr. Bryant's literary productions are "Letters of a Traveler," a series of letters written during his European travels, his poetical writings and his translations of the *Odyssey* and the *Iliad*. As a journalist he swung a most influential pen. He was liberal and just in his thought, and his articles were written in pure, clear English. He was one of God's noblemen, a man distinguished as a scholar and an author—one who lived a pure life, and is to-day mourned by the best people of the English speaking world.

EUROPEAN CONGRESS.

The Berlin congress will probably set in secret session and only certain portions of its proceedings will be given to the public. Bismarck will preside. There is much conjecture as to the questions to be submitted and on matters of vital interest. Serious complexities it is presumed will arise. The conservative peace measure of Count Schouvaloff, have obtained in St. Petersburg, although Grand Duke Nicholas is reported disgusted with the pacific turn of affairs and is reported to have retired to his estates. The congress will be opened by Prince Bismarck as President by submitting his memorandum of points or a resume of the subjects to be treated directly by the plenipotentiaries. The business of the first sitting will be confined to a settlement of the question whether or not the congress shall invite Greece to participate in its transactions. A state banquet at the castle will be given the plenipotentiaries and their suites on Thursday or Friday evening.

A Rome dispatch says the many recent reports of the Pope's failing health and his intended abdication are unfounded.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Empress of Russia lies near death's door.

Emperor Wilhelm of Germany is rapidly recovering.

William Cullen Bryant died at New York June 12th at 5:35 A. M.

The Orangemen of Montreal, Canada, will celebrate the battle of Boynton on the 12th of July.

The laborer's riot at Quebec has been quelled and the B battery is guarding the Parliament house.

Over 20,000 cotton operatives, in a mass meeting at Blackburn Tuesday, resolved to continue the strike.

There was solemn service of prayers at St. Isaac's Cathedral, St. Petersburg, Tuesday, for the recovery of the Empress.

At Haverhill, Massachusetts, Tuesday, Andrew True fatally stabbed his wife and killed himself while drunk.

During a storm near Dawson, Georgia, on Sunday, Miss Moore and Mrs. Smith were killed by lightning, and three others in the room were injured.

The Vatican has decided to propose co-operation with Germany for the repression of Socialism there, on condition that the Falk laws are modified.

President Hayes, Gen. Sherman, Gen. Devens, Gen. Sheridan and other distinguished guests are attending the commencement exercises at West Point.

Dennis, alias "Bucky" Donnelly, of Schuylkill county, a Mollie Maguire, was hanged at Pottsville, Pennsylvania, Tuesday, for the murder of Thomas Sanger in 1875.

The President Tuesday nominated Ernest Dickman, of Wisconsin, to be Minister resident to the United States of Columbia, and Benjamin F. Potts, of Helena, to be Governor of Montana.

A statement is current in London that a dissolution of Parliament will be shortly announced, and the report finds such general acceptance that several members have gone to look after their constituencies.

The general elections in Belgium are over. Returns show that the Liberals will have a majority of four in the Chamber of Representatives, and therefore the downfall of the present Catholic Ministry is predicted.

News from Tucson, up to June 12th says, Lieutenant-General Adams arrived here yesterday morning with 100 guns and ammunition. He left for Cornucopia this afternoon with sixty guns. He will take all necessary steps for the protection of the settlers in the northern part of the State.

Orangemen to Celebrate.

The Orangemen of Montreal have resolved to celebrate the 12th of July by a procession to church. The county and district masters issued an address in which they say that they intend to comply strictly with the provisions of the Blake act and go unarmed, play no party tunes in the streets, and will trust themselves to the protection which it is the duty of the civil and other authorities to afford to all law abiding persons. If, however, they are made to know that they are outlawed, any assistance they may receive from friends will not be refused. Speaking of the Orange body, they gladly join in abolishing all public processions except one, distinctly Canadian.

A Charge Against the President.

A Washington dispatch of June 12th says: Hayes is open to the charge of tampering with witnesses. The Democrats were greatly disappointed in Darrall's unwillingness to testify. He has been talking very plainly to them for a day or two, and even up to 10 o'clock yesterday morning was pouring tales of his wrongs into the willing ears of McMahon. Just before he went on the stand Hayes sent for him, and from that time Darrall's tone changed. After a close examination to-day he received another summons from the White House, and has been closeted there a long time this evening.

An Indian Abductor Killed.

A Hollister dispatch of the 11th says: On Friday night last an Indian named Rojeciano abducted Isabel Foote, an orphan child seven or eight years of age, from the house of her sister, Mrs. Soto, near the Los Aguelos ranch, in San Benito county, and fled to the mountains with her. Mr. Soto obtained a warrant, and with a companion went in pursuit, and when overtaken the next day, he attempted to shoot his pursuers, when he was fired upon and killed. The child was rescued.

Indian Troubles in Utah.

Three or four men were killed on Goose creek, about 40 miles north of Terrace, Utah, by Indians, and most of the ranchers in that vicinity have come into Terrace and Kelton. A small force of infantry left Salt Lake June 10th, for those stations, as considerable alarm prevails along the railroad. Two companies of cavalry left Corinne, Utah, June 9th, for Ross Fork, Idaho. Nearly all the Bannock Indians have left their reservation near Fort Hall.

Thos. McDonald shot and killed Alex. Nixon, yesterday in a drunken row. Nixon was President of the Miners' Union.

STATE NEWS.

Old Mount Davidson will soon boast a new iron flagstaff. It will be raised on the 27th.

Virginia city picnicers to Carson complain of the high prices charged them for every thing they get.

Two sisters, a Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Nichols indulged in a little target practice at each other's expense in Eureka last Monday. Wounds slight.

Two hundred thousand pounds of pumping and other machinery from the Overman mine, is now being shipped to the Real del Monte mine near Aurora.

City tax collector Gracey, of Gold Hill, on Monday paid into the Virginia city treasury nearly \$45,000 as tax on the proceeds of the mines for the quarter ending March 31st.

The Europa mining claim has been sold by the Sheriff to William M. Thornton for \$2,731.87, to satisfy a judgment secured against the Europa Company by the V. & T. R. R.

Dan De Quille, of the *Enterprise*, is perplexed at the rise and progress of the pig weed and asks, in the language of a troubled scientist, "How in the world came pig weed into the sagebrush country?"

Owing to the hot weather, there has been a great increase of heat in the lower levels of the Comstock mines during the past week. An increase of ten degrees on the surface adds about five degrees to the temperature of the lower levels.

The Sutro ranch, on the Carson river, is said by the Virginia papers to be a splendid place for a picnic. Wells Drury, of the *News*, bases his claim on the alfalfa being two or three feet high, and is a billowy sea of green which shuts out all less beautiful prospects.

A letter was received from Carson June 12th, saying that the Governor has been urged to call out the militia for the purpose of quelling the Indian outbreak. The Governor has not yet consented to do so but he probably will before long, and he says that if he ever does, he will require every company in the State to appear in full force. Those who are fond of playing soldier will have a chance to see actual service.

Eureka Republican: It is cruel and unjust to blame Deacon Parkinson for the amazing chunks of contradiction which fill the columns of that admirable, but astonishing journal, the *Tribune*. The good old gentleman is merely a writing medium. There is always a jostling mob of ghosts waiting to get a chance at the Deacon, and ghosts, like mortals, don't all think alike. It is a solemn thought that the only influential newspaper in Nevada is edited by the lightest half of a corpse.

Virginia city has resolved to celebrate the 4th of July. The executive committee met on Sunday and elected the following officers: W. H. Shepperd, President; J. T. Riorden, Treasurer; Phil. Seldner, Secretary. The following gentlemen were elected officers of the day: Hon. Jonas Seeley, Grand Marshal; Hon. C. H. Belknap, President; R. M. Daggett, Poet; Henry Rolfe, Reader; Rev. C. H. McKelvey, Chaplain.

Old potatoes command 6½ cents per pound in Tybo; new potatoes 15 cents. Spuds are among the luxuries all over the United States this year. They are so scarce and high in California and Nevada; and we noticed an item in a New York paper recently which stated that the price of potatoes in that city had advanced 100 per cent, in a single day. We suppose this trouble in the potato market is occasioned by fears of a Fenian raid on Canada.

The Mexican Revolutionists Defeated.

NEW ORLEANS, June 11th.—A Laredo special says: A courier brought news yesterday to the effect that Col. Alegria and 150 government troops had attacked 200 revolutionists under Garcia Ayala, at a place called Los Ladrones, forty miles north of New Laredo, and after a severe engagement had completely routed them, taking many prisoners and capturing arms, horses, etc. Many are reported killed and wounded on both sides, but details are wanting. There was great rejoicing at New Laredo on receipt of this news.

Another Suicide.

John Gerding, residing on Stevenson street, San Francisco, who was formerly a clerk in the employ of the California Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, has recently been out of employment and in embarrassed circumstances. This morning after breakfast, his wife asked him for some money, when, in reply, he drew a pistol and blew out his brains. The deceased was a member of the United Order of Workmen.

"Raise that Pot and I'll raise you," said Johnson to Bush, in the midst of a poker game in Eureka, California, drawing a revolver. Bush did not heed the warning, and was shot through the head.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Mining news is more interesting and to the point this week than last. A rich strike has been made in the 2000 level of the Ophir, and several adjoining mines, it is thought, will soon encounter a similar body of ore.

The Belcher, Hale & Norcross and Sierra Nevada assessments became delinquent in the board to day. The assessments levied during the week, are Ophir, \$1 per share, levied on the 12th, Utah, \$1 per share, levied on the same day, and on Savage \$1 levied on the 7th inst. The price of stock has not materially changed during the week. The Jones & Kinkead mine is rising in importance, but the reader is referred to an article in full giving extended particulars of the mine. The sales at the San Francisco Stock Board for the past week aggregate \$3,250,000, a large increase over the previous week.

Secretary Sherman reports a reduction of a little over \$3,000,000 in the public debt during the month of May, and \$26,520,800 for the eleven months of the fiscal year ending June 1st. The total amount of coin in the U. S. Treasury is \$189,597,100. The amount of Government coin in the Treasury a year ago was \$62,729,000.

Little change appears in the San Francisco and home markets, either in the activity of trade or the prices current. New potatoes have not come into the Reno market, while those from California are quoted at very high figures. Reno berries sell at a premium over those from California, but still the price of home berries is too high. Trout, just at present, are not very plentiful on account of the warm weather making it nearly impossible to bring this fish to market in a fresh condition. This difficulty will soon be obviated. Manning & Duck have sent below this week three carloads of wood, but the wood market is very dull. This firm will ship to-morrow or Monday two carloads of wood.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.
Gold opened to-day in New York at 101.
Currency—90 3/4 @ 100.
Silver—2 1/4 @ 1 1/2 discount. In the London market, 53 1/2 d.
Trades—97 1/4 @ 97 1/2.
FLOUR—Extra is jobbing at \$5 1/4 @ 6 1/2.
WHEAT—\$1 70 @ 1 85.
BARLEY—90c @ \$1 00.
OATS—\$1 30 @ 1 50.
CORN MEAL—3 @ 3 1/2 c.
POTATOES—\$1 50 @ 2 00.
ONIONS—1 50 @ 1 75.
BEANS—4 @ 6 1/2 c.
HAMS—11 @ 13c.
BACON—11 @ 14c.
LARD—11 @ 15c.
TURKEYS—20 @ 22c. 3 lb.
CHICKENS—\$3 @ 11 1/2 doz.
EGGS—20 @ 25c 3 doz.
BUTTER—15 @ 22c.
CHEESE—10 @ 15c.
WOOL—12 @ 19c.
BEEF—1 1/4 @ 7 1/2 c.
MUTTON—1 1/4 @ 1 1/2 c.
PORK—5 @ 8 1/2 c. Dressed, 8c.
HIDES—14 @ 15; Salted, 7 @ 9c.
TALLOW—7 @ 8 1/2 c.
SALT—Coarse Liverpool, \$18 @ 20; Dairy, \$24 @ 25 1/2 ton.
HAY—\$7 @ 15 1/2 ton.
HONEY—\$3 @ 11c. 1 lb.

RENO MARKET.
FLOUR—Extra \$1 50 @ 5 00 3 C.
WHEAT—\$2 80 @ 3 00.
BARLEY—\$1 00 @ 2 15. Ground \$2 40.
OATS—\$2 75 @ 3 00.
CORN MEAL—4 1/2 c.
POTATOES—4 1/2 c.
HAY—Baled, \$9 @ 13; Loose, \$7 1/2 @ 8 1/2.
ONIONS—3 1/2 c.
BEANS—8 @ 18c.
BACON—16 @ 18c.
LARD—16 @ 20c.
CHICKENS—\$6 @ 9 per doz.
TROUT—12 1/2 @ 15c. 3 lb.
EGGS—35c.
BUTTER—20 @ 30c.
CHEESE—18 @ 20c.
SALT—Coars—Lect's Salt, \$25; Dairy, \$55 1/2 ton.
POWDER—Vulcan, 50 @ 70c. 3 lb; Hides—14 @ 15c; Culls at value.
BEEF CATTLE—5 @ 7 1/2 c.
HOGS—6 @ 7 1/2 c.
SHEEP—5 @ 7c.
PELTS—Including fleece, 10 @ 75c.
BAILING ROPE—14 @ 16c.
GRAIN SACKS—8 @ 12 1/2 c.
TALLOW—6 @ 7c.
LUMBER—Rough, \$17 @ 18.
FLOORING—\$35 @ 37 1/2.
SHINGLES—Pine \$3 1/4 @ 3 1/2 1/2 M; Redwood, \$3 1/4 @ 4 1/2 1/2 cord.
WOOD—\$3 @ 7 1/2 1/2 cord.
WOOL—19 @ 18c.
LUMBER—Rough, \$12 1/2 @ 17.
FLOORING—20 @ 25.
BLASTING POWDER—50 @ 75c.
HONEY—12 1/2 @ 25c.
SYRUP—70c 1/2 gal.
Santa Cruz Blasting, \$4 @ \$4 1/4 1/2 keg.
SYRUP—Best, \$1 00 1/2 gal.

SODA WATER—ICE COOL, SPARKLING.—The finest kind of soda water can be had at Osburn & Shoemaker's. You don't believe it? Well, go and see.

STOCK REPORT.

THIS MORNING'S BOARD.

75 Ophir, 47 1/2 48 1/2
600 Mexican, 12 1/2 12 1/2
400 G & C, 7 1/2 7 1/2
250 B & B, 1 1/4
630 California, 19 1/4 19 1/4
1750 Savage, 11 1/2
505 Con Virginia, 14
83 Chollar, 25 25 1/2
250 H & N, 7 1/2
1135 Point, 5 5/8 4 9/8
55 Jacket, 8 1/2
3045 Imperial, 50c
303 Alpha, 13 1/4 13 1/4
960 Belcher, 4 1/2 4
90 Confidence, 4
223 Sierra Nevada, 4 1/2
550 Bullion, 25
303 Exchange, 3 3/5
31 Seg Belcher, 30
180 Overman, 13 1/4 13 1/4
850 Justice, 3 1/2 3 1/2
100 Union, 5 1/2 5 1/2
500 Alta, 8 1/2
1940 Julia, 8 1/2
1350 Caledonia, 1 1/2 3
480 S Hill, 1 1/4 1 3/8
100 N Y Con, 40c
30 Woodville, 30c
50 Occidental, 1/2
450 Point Ravine, 20c
100 Con Washoe, 20c
300 Wells Fargo, 40c 30c
150 Andes, 40c
1870 Ward, 1 1/4 1 1/4
500 Leviathan, 20c
2250 Trojan, 40c
1000 Benton, 2 3/4 2 1/4
380 Boyle, 40c

STYLISH HATS.—Mrs. Noe Crall, desires to inform the ladies of Reno and vicinity that she will next Saturday morning open a stock of fine French hats, at Mrs. Fairchild's, corner of Commercial Row and Sierra street. All her goods are of the very latest style, and our lady friends will do well to give Mrs. Crall a call before purchasing elsewhere.

DIGEST OF NEVADA REPORTS.—Attorneys Waldo & Julien are making a digest of the Supreme Court reports of Nevada. It will be a most useful volume for the legal profession, and in size will compare favorably with either volume of the compiled laws of this State. They will have their manuscript ready for the press in about thirty days.

MARRIED.

MINUGH-SINCLAIR.—At Trinity church, Reno, Nevada, June 12th, 1878, by the Rev. Wm. Lucas, H. W. Minugh, of Jersey City, New York, to Emma Sarah, eldest daughter of the late Samuel Sinclair, of Montreal, and granddaughter of the late Henry Popham of H. M. C., Montreal Canada.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S
Private Medical Institute.
309, KEARNEY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.
Established in 1854.
For the Permanent Cure of all Special and Chronic Diseases, as also all Female Complaints and Diseases of the Nervous System.

THE IMMENSE DESTRUCTION OF human life annually from secret and chronic diseases, caused this old and reliable institution to be established, first in Philadelphia, Penn., in 1820, and afterwards in San Francisco, Cal., in 1854, as a private dispensary, in order to afford the afflicted the best medical and surgical treatment, for the above and all other affections and complaints. Consultation at the Institute, or by letter, FREE.

To the Afflicted:
Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY would most respectfully inform the public of the Pacific coast that, at the earnest solicitation of his numerous friends, and hundreds of those unfortunately afflicted with disease, he has reopened his MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE and resumed the practice of his profession. The Doctor would remind all those who are in need of medical aid, that since relinquishing his very extensive and successful practice in San Francisco, he has visited the principal cities in Europe, inspecting diligently the experience of the most learned in the profession, which he offers to all in need of his services. Rheumatic affections, chronic catarrhs, diseases of the stomach and kidneys, liver complaints, etc., treated. Those who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, physical and mental debility, are assured of a permanent cure. Charges moderate. All communication strictly confidential. Medical cases sent by express. Address: L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., 309 Kearney St., San Francisco.

CONSUMPTION

Positively Cured.

All sufferers from this disease that are anxious to be cured should try Dr. KISSNER'S Celebrated Consumptive Powders. These Powders are the only preparation known that will cure Consumption and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs—indeed, so strong is our faith in them, and so true is all in need of them that they are no humbug, we will forward to every sufferer, by mail, post paid, a free Trial Box.

We don't want your money until you are perfectly satisfied of their curative powers. If your life is worth saving, don't delay in giving these Powders a trial, as they will surely cure you.

Price, for large box, \$3.00, sent to any part of the United States or Canada, by mail, on receipt of price.

ASH & ROBBINS.

27-1y] 360 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GOLD Great chance to make money. If you can't get gold you can't get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over \$150 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Maine. 9-29-1y

\$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country who is willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. \$60 per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. We have agents who are making over \$30 per day. All who engage at once can make money fast. At the present time money cannot be made so easily and rapidly at any other business. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and \$5 outfit free. Address at once, H. HARRIS & Co., Portland, Maine. 9-7-1y

D. W. MCINTOSH | R. S. MEACHAM | S. A. HANLIN.

CRYSTAL PEAK LUMBER CO., FARMERS' STORE

Verdi, Nev.,

Dealers in Clear and Common

LUMBER.

Heavy Timbers & Posts,

ORDERS FOR

Finishing Lumber—
Shingles,
Doors,
Sash,
Blinds, &c.

PROMPTLY FILLED.

Our Facilities for Shipping
Are Unexcelled.

ADDRESS:
C. P. LUMBER CO.,
Verdi, Nevada.
[11-131f]

TO BUILDERS.

Lumber at Reduced Prices.

C. A. BRAGG & CO.,

HAVE MADE ESPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS in the interest of their patrons and all persons desiring to build. They therefore offer their large stock of

Common Lumber, Sierra Valley
Sugarcane Pine, Red Wood, Oregon Pine, Shingles,
Laths, Fire Wood,
Doors, Windows, Sash, Etc.

AT
GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Lumber Furnished by the C
Load at Mill Prices.

Our prices are made in the interests of consumers. Call and examine them.
C. A. BRAGG & CO.
Reno, Sept. 11, 1877-1f

O. LONKEY. E. R. SMITH.
VERDI PLANING MILL CO.

MESSRS. LONKEY & SMITH, HAVING purchased the interest of Messrs. Hamlin, Meacham & Co., in the above named concern, are now offering

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
LUMBER.
Mining and Bridge Timbers.

Shingles, Common and Finishing Lumber, Matched and Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, Bevel Edge Siding, Rustic Siding, Fancy Pickets.

NEWELL POSTS, BALUSTERS AND TURNINGS—of all descriptions.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Address J. F. CONDON,
Supt. Verdi Mill Co.,
Verdi, Nevada.

RENO LUMBER YARD.

E. C. MCKINNEY - Proprietor

—DEALER IN—
SASH, BLINDS, DOORS,

Mouldings, Rustic Siding,
Feather Edge Siding,
Dressed Flooring,
Dressed Lumber,
Door and Window Frames,
Bedsteads, Cribbs and Lounges.
Orders Promptly Filled.
SCREEN DOORS AND WIRE CLOTH.

CHEAP WOOD.

Pine wood sawed into stove-lengths and delivered for \$7 30 per cord. Cedar wood for \$7. All kinds sawed and delivered.

Special attention given to Fancy Styles of Doors. 4-19-1f

FITS, EPILEPSY,

OR
FALLING SICKNESS

Permanently Cured—no humbug—by one month's usage of Dr. Goulard's Celebrated Infallible Fit Powders. To convince sufferers that these powders will do all we claim for them, we will send them by mail, post paid, a free Trial box. As Dr. Goulard is the only physician that has ever made this disease a special study, and as to our knowledge thousands have been permanently cured by the use of these Powders, we will guarantee a permanent cure in every case, or refund you all money expended. All sufferers should give these Powders an early trial, and be convinced of their curative powers.

Price, for large box, \$3.00, or four boxes for \$10.00, sent by mail to any part of United States or Canada on receipt of price, or by express, C. O. D. Address:
27-1y] 360 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

STEAMBOAT SPRINGS.

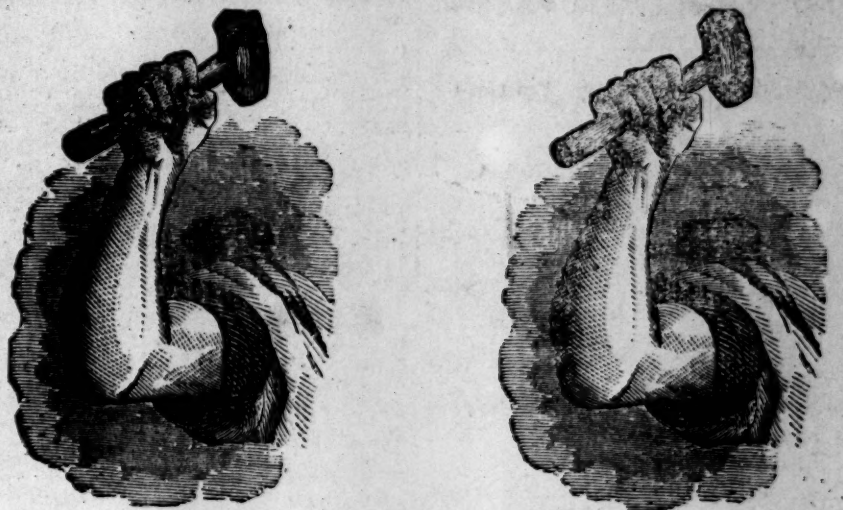
THIS popular place of Summer resort is well prepared to suit the health or pleasure of visitors.

HOT OR COLD BATHS!
MINERAL OR SULPHUR BATHS.

First rate Hotel Accommodations. Every attention paid to the comfort, pleasure or health of visitors.

Terms Reasonable
1-135f M. & J. RAFF. 9-7-1y

MECHANICS' STORE AGAIN ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.



WHY THE PUBLIC

Should do their Trading at the

Mechanics' Store!

Because we can and do

UNDERSELL ANY HOUSE ON THE PACIFIC COAST!

We Have But One Price.

We place the poorest judge of goods on the same level as the closest and sharpest buyer. We carry the largest stock of goods of any store in Sacramento. Customers can find a full line of the following goods:

SILK DRESS GOODS, CALICOES,

Muslins, Sheetings, Towels, Hosiery,

LADIES' FANCY GOODS,

Fine Dress Suits, Business Suits, Working Suits, full line of Hats, Boys Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Overshirts, Undershirts, White Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Fine Cassimere Dress Pants, Overalls, Blankets, Trunks, Working Pants, Cutlery, Hunting Coats, Valises, Umbrellas, etc.

REMEMBER, our store is nearly a quarter of a block in extent, and is heavily stocked with goods from floor to ceiling. We fill orders to any part of California, Nevada, Montana, Idaho, Washington Territory, and Utah. Samples of dry goods sent to any address free. By our system of doing business, a person ordering goods 500 miles away receives as much for the money as a person coming to our store. We publish a Price List and Story Paper which we mail free to any address. An order for 25 cents worth of goods will be filled with as much care as one of hundreds of dollars.

MECHANICS' STORE,

NOS. 98, 100, 102, 104, & 106 K STREET, SACRAMENTO
5-12-1y

H. WACHHORST

—HAS AN—

IMMENSE STOCK

—OF—

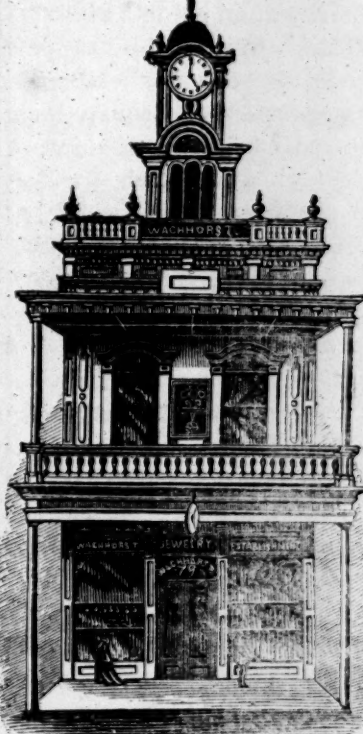
GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Elegant Jewelry,

AND DIAMONDS.

AND IS IN RECEIPT OF NEW GOODS DAILY direct from factories, with whom he has formed business connections in the East.



GRAND REDUCTION FROM FORMER PRICES, AT WACHHORST'S

Sign of the Town Clock, 79 J Street, between Third and Fourth, North Side, SACRAMENTO.

Compare the quality of my goods and the prices of the same before purchasing elsewhere.

Country Orders Promptly Attended to. Repairing in all its branches [3-29-6m] Neatly Done.

Buy Only

THE NEW AMERICAN

It is the only SEWING MACHINE which has a SELF-THREADING SHUTTLE.

It Has Self-Setting Needle.

Never Breaks the Thread.

Never Skips Stitches.

Is the Lightest Running.

The Simplest, Most Durable, and in Every Respect

The Best Family Sewing Machine

The "NEW AMERICAN" is easily learned, does not get out of order, and will do more work with less labor than any other machine. Illustrated Circular furnished on application.

AGENTS WANTED.

S. B. KNOX, Manager. Office and Salesroom, 1216 Market St., San Francisco.

S. N. DAVIDSON, AGENT, RENO. 5-15-1y



WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND

AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS

Of all Descriptions!

JOHN CAHLAN.

MANAGER,

Reno, April 14, 1877-M

RENO WEEKLY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

ALEXANDER & HAYDEN,

PROPRIETORS.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One year, in advance, \$4.00
Six months, 2.50
Three months, 1.50

YEARLY, QUARTERLY AND MONTHLY ADVERTISEMENTS ACCORDING TO CONTRACT.
Office in McFarlin's building, Sierra Street, north of the Railroad.

Jottings.

Pyramid is full of promises.
Alfalfa is nearly ready for the knife.
Picnic and dance at Glendale July Fourth.
Tell your friends about Tom Norcross' races.
Poets are born, not made. Printers stood off, not paid.
The speed programme will be published this week.
The water trough brigade is coming out again in force.
Go to Lovewell's for pictures. You know why.
Miss May McGinley goes to Eureka next Friday morning.
Highland Ditch takes an assessment of thirty cents per share.
Geo. Royal, of Truckee, has received a patent on his track cleaner.
A social party will be given next Friday evening at the Pollard house.
Calico at eighteen yards for a dollar just gets away with bombazine or bombazette.
Thomas Morgan, or the "Blacksmiths Dream," is expected to arrive in the morning.
Nothing so chilling, so cool, or so bland, as the fiendish toot of the ice cream man.
A white laundry is soon to be started near the public school-house. Success to these gentlemen.
Look out for careless stove pipes. We are having choice weather for successful fires.
There is no question but that Lovewell takes the best pictures of any artist that has ever been in Reno.
A person can't take much comfort with himself on account of this warm weather. Look out for winds in a day or two.
Messrs. Frank Bell and C. A. Richardson are in attendance at the session of Masonic Chapter and Lodge in Virginia city.
Dr. Hogan is demolishing the old hospital on Second street, and proposes to erect a comfortable residence on residence on Centre street.
Barnes is unceasing in his warfare upon bed bugs and other insects troublesome to the busy housewife. A glance at the 50-cent column will verify our statements.
California has declared its regular monthly dividend of two dollars per share. Con. Virginia pays one dollar per share. These dividends will be paid next Friday and Saturday.
The price of raspberries, peaches, currents and cherries is growing beautifully less in our markets. By-and-by our business men can buy fruit on Sundays for dinner. Clerks only can afford the luxury now.
Jones & Kinkad mining stock sells at a good figure in the market—that is, what a man can purchase, as very few shares are being sold. We rejoice that the owners of this mine are making an admirable showing, and now have within their grasp a rich mining property.
The order of the early part of each evening seems to be a small sized rain storm with a strong admixture of eastern-like thunder and lightning. This indirect prediction for this evening's programme, we presume will have a tendency to ensure clear weather. So much appears in evidence of the weather clerk's deference for ourselves.

WHITE LAUNDRY.—Messrs. Crall and Hunt have established a laundry at the corner of Front and Sierra streets. None but white labor will be allowed on the premises, and the work will be all that can be asked in quality. These gentlemen should do all of Reno's washing. Patronize white-labor if you don't want Chinese among you. Let's hear from you working men.

ENGLISH MILL.

Description of the Process of Reducing Ore by the Stetefeldt Furnace—Ore now Being Worked at this Mill.

Just at this time, when many of our citizens are specially interested in our county mines, and the processes which have been and are now being employed in the reduction of our ores, whether these ores be base or free milling, a brief yet clear description of the most successful process ever practically tested in this county, and one which is now in successful operation, we trust will prove of more than passing interest to a majority if not all our readers. We allude to the English or Auburn mill, which is situated about a mile and a half northeast of town. This mill is the property of Mr. Samuel Brown, who has recently given it a thorough overhauling, and pronounces it in good condition for the roasting of rebellious or other ores. For the past week this mill has been in operation on some exceedingly rebellious ore from the East Brooklyn mine. This ore has a considerable quantity of zinc blende and antimony, and is therefore well calculated to severely test the possibilities of the Auburn mill.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROCESS.

Sunday we visited this mill and carefully noted the following described process employed for the reduction of ores by the Stetefeldt furnace. In this connection let us at this point give special credit for the thoroughness and clearness of our information to Mr. John Huyck, the gentlemanly foreman of the mill. We shall perhaps be better understood by following through each step it is carried, and in doing so give a brief description of the process and parts in use, than by a general description of the mill at first and afterwards the details.

The ore is hauled into a large ore room, weighed and mixed with six per cent. of salt. The salt is added for the purpose of facilitating the separation of the base and precious metals in the furnace, and has the effect to chlorinize the ore. Salt is the chloride of soda, and when heated gives off part of its chlorine, which readily unites in a nascent state with gold and silver. The amount of salt added varies between five and eight per cent., according to the baseness of the ore. The ore and salt are then shoveled on the dry kiln, where both are exposed for some time to a heat of perhaps 150° (F.). The ore is from here shoveled into the batteries and reduced to a fineness sufficient to allow it to pass through a No. 50 wire cloth screen—2500 perforations to the square inch. This ore powder is now carried into a box, at the bottom of which, six feet below the battery pans, it is conveyed by an endless chain a height of thirty feet to the top of the furnace.

THE STETEFELDT FURNACE.

This furnace is built in the form of the frustrum of a pyramid, and is twenty-eight feet in height, about eight feet square at the base and two feet square at the top. Near the base, on two sides of the same, are furnace fires. The flames and hot air from these fires pass into the stack, and thence out through an opening within four feet of the top of the stack. We shall describe the course of the flame fumes and hot air further along. On a third side of the base of the stack or ore flue is an opening through which the charges of roasted ore are withdrawn. At the top of the furnace or stack are two screens, one just above the other, and moving by a lateral motion upon the second screen. The top screen has a one-fourth inch mesh, and a lateral motion upon the under screen, which latter is a punch screen made of sheet iron, and has about twenty perforations to the square inch.

The ore and salt powder fall upon the top screen, and are by it gradually fed through the punch screen into the flames, and fall as separated powder twenty-eight feet through the furnace flames. In this fall the ore is roasted. The object of this roasting is to uncover, as it were, the precious metals, and remove much of the base ores, a sulphur, zinc, lead, etc. When a charge of this ore powder has accumulated at the base of the furnace, which in this furnace is once in forty-five minutes or an hour's time, it is drawn out on to a brick floor and wet with water, in order to permit its being wheeled to the amalgamating pans.

COURSE OF THE FLAMES, ETC.

When the flames, hot air and fumes of the base ores reach the point near the top of the furnace they are de-

flected downward at an angle of about sixty degrees for a distance of ten feet, and then perpendicularly downward a further distance of eighteen feet. As some of the finest ore powder is carried over from the furnace and down into the latter stack, a small furnace fire turns into the descending fumes its heat and flame for the purpose of roasting this small quantity of fine ore powder. This latter roasted ore is drawn from an aperture at the base of this second stack, and very near the point at which the principal amount of the roasted ore is withdrawn and, of course, is treated the same as the first ore. The fumes, etc., now pass at a right angle into the dust chamber which is about 14x10 and 8 feet high. Here much of the dust in the heated air and fumes settles to the bottom of this room. From this dust chamber the fumes, etc., are borne at a right angle into the long chamber under the dry kiln, and it is this hot air which furnishes the heat of the dry kiln by which the ore is dried. This latter chamber is sixty feet long, ten feet wide and four feet high, and is nearly divided into two chambers by a center partition. The hot air, etc., passes in at one side and around the opposite end of the kiln into the second apartment, and thence at a right angle out through a covered passage into the suction chimney, and from thence into the open air. The flames, etc., have thus been drawn a distance of 356 feet and have been made to perform most valuable service. We left the roasted ore in a wet condition in piles at

THE AMALGAMATING PANS.

There are twelve of these pans and each one holds a charge of about 1,000 pounds of ore. In a charge of the ore now being worked, eighty pounds of quicksilver is added. If this ore was very rich, the amount of mercury added would be larger. Very rich ore would require even as much as 225 to 250 pounds of quicksilver. A thousand pounds of ore and eighty pounds of quicksilver are put in each pan, the charge wet by water, heated by steam and thoroughly stirred by a muller. This agitation of the charge is kept up for six hours at the rate of about seventy-five revolutions per minute. The object of course is to bring the precious metals and the quicksilver in contact, that an amalgam may be formed. This charge is now drawn off into six settlers. In these settlers the amalgam ore and water are again similarly stirred for two hours. At the bottom, on the side of each settler is an aperture, and connected therewith an extension on the outer side of the settler, forming a half bowl, called the mercury pot. This amalgam passes through the aperture and into these pots, and is dipped from thence into sacks and strained, then removed to some safe quarter for subsequent retorting. A pulp and water which afterwards form the tailings, are drawn from the settlers into two large agitators. The contents of these deep tubs are constantly agitated and from the top of each a small stream of tailings water runs into the tailing's pond. Any amalgam which may be carried into the agitators is collected in the bottom of these big tubs and of course is strained and goes with the other amalgam for retorting.

THE AMALGAM

is now placed in a large iron retort and retorted. The quicksilver vapors being cooled and condensed by water as they pass through an iron pipe from the large iron retort and fall into a tub of water where the mercury is obtained in a pure state, and may be used again in the amalgamating process which we have already described. The crude bullion remaining in the retort is removed and taken to the smelting room, where it is further refined by smelting in graphite crucibles. Most of the iron, some copper and a little lead are removed by this smelting.

CONCLUDING REMARKS.

We have now described the entire process, and in a manner which we think is intelligible to any one. The Auburn mill, a twenty-stamp mill and has a capacity of twenty tons per day. It is run by water power, the water falling on a breast water wheel, which is thirty-two feet in diameter and sixteen feet breast, and has an 11 o'clock strike. This wheel is 250 horse power, which is sufficient to run a forty-stamp mill. The number of men required to run this mill is fourteen, viz: six furnace-men, two battery-men, two pan-men, two ore-house-men, a general hand and the foreman. The ore now being worked will all be run through by to-morrow or Wednesday morning. The mill will then be cleaned up preparatory to turning it over to Messrs. Jones & Kinkad.

School Election.

An interesting communication appears elsewhere, by a gentleman signing himself "Justice." He is honest in his opinions and believes what he asserts is the opinion of a number of our citizens. While we disagree with him in many of his views and statements, the columns of this paper are always open for discussion by our citizens of matters of general interest to our town and county, and should any one holding an opposite view from "Justice," see fit to reply, he will freely be accorded the use of these columns. As we understand the case, the Trustees have excellent authority to back their opinion, and on this legal authority they propose to act. If there be a well-founded doubt that the election affirmatively carried, then should the authorities in this matter be enjoined by law from present action in the premises, and the question at issue be taken before the Supreme Court for final decision. There may be such a public citation of authorities that it shall not be deemed necessary to present this school question before any Court. If such public discussion shall be deemed to the purpose it is well, and we shall be glad to give space for its publication.

RENO STRAWBERRIES.—Austin is now eating Utah grown strawberries and the *Reveille* says that if the "Reno" strawberry growers have any surplus of their product they might find a profitable market for it in Austin. Strawberries from there having comparatively so short a distance to travel, would arrive here in a fresher condition than that fruit is usually found in Austin; and besides, the novelty of eating Nevada-grown strawberries would induce people to pay a high price for them. Somebody in Reno send us along a few boxes, anyway, just for a sample.

DISTRICT COURT.—District Court was in session Monday and transacted the following business up to a late hour this afternoon: In the case of Wm. Thompson vs. C. C. Powning, motion for a new trial was vacated on motion of plaintiff's attorneys, and ordered that statement on motion for a new trial be engrossed. The case of Shoemaker vs. Hancock, set for trial June 21st. The case of Ah Choney set for trial June 13th. Court ordered ordered a venire for more jurors. The jury in attendance was called and excused until the 13th inst.

PICNIC AND BALL.—Louis Dean means to give everybody a chance to celebrate the Fourth of July in an enjoyable manner. The swings, tables, walks, etc., of the picnic grounds at Glendale, will be prepared for use, and they will be free to all comers. In the evening a regular old-fashioned dance is the programme, and will be patronized well without doubt. A day in the country where yellow-legged chickens and red cows' milk are abundant, will be an enjoyable treat to all Renoiters.

ROLL OF HONOR.—The following is the roll of honor for the Wadsworth public school, F. G. Butler, teacher, for the month ending June 5th: Clara Jordan, 93; Tena Raphael, 91; Mary Lievre, 82; Herman Somers, 88; Geo. McPherson, 80; Emil Somers, 87; Willie Powell, 85; Walter McPherson, 88.

PIONEERS' PICNIC.—The pioneers will hold their picnic at Treadway's ranch Carson, on July 4th. With this picnic and the Carson races during the day, and a dance in the new theatre on the evening of the 4th, Carson will be a very lively place on this memorable natal day.

MOLLIE MCCARTHY.—The original name of the famous Mollie McCarthy that will run against Tenbroeck at Louisville, Ky., on the 4th of July, was McCarty. She was named after a lady in Virginia City, who is now the wife of Mr. Tinker, of the firm of Tinker & Shephard.

GOOD FOR THE BUYER.—No reason why you should not have your photograph, a calico dress, or a cheap suit of clothes. The war has opened and times are lively. Livery men should let their teams cheaper and owners of property should not ask such high and almost exorbitant rents.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.—Lovewell's gallery is doing a lively business in the photograph and ambrotype line. Budden has made some reductions in price and Hazeltine takes the finest views of any artist that has ever been in Reno.

ELOPEMENT CASE.

The Beautiful Heathen Shows his Character—His Hellish Plot Defeated.

"For ways that are dark and tricks that are vain the heathen Chinese is peculiar." A very pointed illustration of this occurred last Friday in Carson, and in Reno the "trick that was dark" proved that it was done in vain. A Chinawoman, who it is said resides in Auburn, had taken up a temporary residence in Bodie. From this latter place she was staged to Carson, and there packed in a close box for shipment to Auburn, Cal. The purpose of boxing this fair maiden of the Flowery Kingdom seems to have been to avoid capture at this point. The box in which she was incarcerated was small and unventilated. Of course she must have suffered not a little before reaching Reno, but her resolution was strong, and she faithfully bore her agony until she reached here. Her paramour, who quietly sat in the smoking car, allaying dull care by the narcotic weed, had imposed this restriction on her liberty that he might subvert his vile lusts and criminal parsimony. But baseness is not always hidden, and the lowest creature is not bound to violate natural law without some hearing and relief. When the baggage-master dumped his human freight upon the trucks, and then again upon the scales, it was too much for the suffering woman to endure. Brutally packed into a light box, and then rolled over and thrown on a truck with her head down, would make a Regulus moan, much less could a small Chinawoman bear this barbarous cruelty of Pagon invention. Abe Hartley heard her faint, half smothered voice, and lost little time in relieving her from her agonizing position. She was of course half dead when removed from the box, but was soon much improved and allowed to go on her way. What afterwards became of her we could not ascertain. Perhaps other tortures await her; perchance some moon-eyed heathen has eloped with her, and the Chinese gentry are at this time freely talking of the scandal. But the celestial who suddenly left the platform last night, when the unpacking began, if he was the hellish inquisitor, should be encased in the same box and dumped into the Truckee, or else beslimed in a pillory by his countrymen, and afterwards hanged by them until his wretched soul had passed into the lowest depths of hell.

Dissolution Sale.

Messrs. Barnett Brothers have for several good and sufficient reasons, resolved to dissolve partnership. To this end they propose to dispose of the larger, or even their present entire stocks of dry goods and clothing, and to sell at the very lowest prices, as may be seen by their advertised list, to be found in another column of this paper. We need not describe their very extensive and well selected stock of goods. This firm is one of the oldest in Reno, and as to prices, the list referred to is sufficiently explicit on this point. Mr. Thomas Barnett retires from the firm. Those desirous of obtaining good clothing at bedrock prices, will do well to give these gentlemen a call.

DO NOT DISTURB THEM.—The Chinese contractors commenced work Saturday near the State line, on the Truckee and Steamboat irrigation canal. We apprehend that no trouble will ensue between these Chinese and any body of white men, but counsel those who justly feel themselves wronged in this matter, to have full respect for the laws of our land, and the protection which these laws guarantee to every one within these United States.

FOR NEXT WEEK.—Thus far the excitement as bulletined for next week will be a strawberry invasion on Monday night, a marriage, the starting up of the English mill on Jones & Kinkad ore, the session of the District Court and the meeting of the committee of inquiry into county affairs. There may be more but the outlook is sufficient.

PYRAMID.—Since the Jones & Kinkad made such a showing, other mines in that district are receiving attention. The Seg. Monarch has levied a one-cent assessment and Force Gregory will in a day or two commence work on the Gregory & Clark claim. Let the good work continue in an intelligent and honest way.

GENTLEMEN can obtain furnished rooms by applying at Buncel's new house, on Plaza street.

TAX-PAYERS' COMMITTEE.

Matters in Dispute to be Finally Settled—Opinions and Resolutions.

The joint committee, appointed by the tax-payers, met at the office of J. S. Bowman Monday evening. Present, Messrs. Bowman, Bragg, Kinkad, Boardman, Crockett, Evans, Luke, Gibson and Alexander; absent, Mr. Jamison. Mr. Bowman reported the resignation of Mr. Waldo, Secretary of the original committee. Mr. Bowman then resigned his position as Chairman in order to permit a reorganization. On motion of Alexander J. S. Bowen was elected Chairman of the joint committee. On motion of Kinkad, Alexander was elected Secretary. A general discussion in regard to the matters in dispute and the jury reports was then indulged.

Mr. Bragg thought that any man would find the same thing as the jury-men upon examination. Wanted them to satisfy themselves.

Mr. Boardman said it had always been his theory that the Commissioners or District Attorney should have instituted suit, even if the grand jury were wrong in toto.

Mr. Kinkad said there was wrong upon both sides, and in regard to investigation, there were questions of law and of fact which must have different solution. The question was, how to reach final decision.

Mr. Boardman wanted a sub-committee to investigate and make up a case.

Mr. Evans wanted an effective settlement. Guilty or not guilty, was the question.

Mr. Luke thought a final decision of these matters would be valuable to the county.

Mr. Crockett thought jury did right in not indicting. There were, however, points in which it was wrong. There were laws which admit of two constructions. Wanted agreed cases.

Boardman and Kinkad thought charge for motions and orders was in a great measure wrong.

Bowman referred to the difference between issues upon law and those upon facts, and questioned as to methods for their decision.

A general discussion and explanation was here allowed upon certain special charges made by the grand jury, after which Mr. Alexander offered the following resolution:

WHEREAS, In the sense of this committee, a legal opinion from which there shall be no appeal, is necessary, in order that an impartial settlement of the differences, now existing between the officers and tax-payers of Washoe county, may be reached. Therefore be it

Resolved, That a sub-committee of three, consisting of J. S. Bowman, H. H. Beck and W. M. Boardman, be instructed by this body to obtain legal aid which they shall deem competent and with such aid proceed to place all matters which are in discussion, relative to county business and the charging of illegal fees, in a proper shape for impartial adjudication and decision by a competent tribunal. The sense of this committee being that if improper accusations have been brought they shall be effectually erased, and if illegal charges have been made and collected, the same shall be in due process repaid to Washoe county. The sub-committee hereby appointed shall report to this committee the method determined upon before final action is taken.

The resolution was adopted without opposition. The sub-committee was assured that money would be forthcoming to defray expenses of suit.

On motion the committee adjourned to meet at the call of the Chairman.

New Water Supply.

Mr. Alvaro Evans is making rapid progress in laying his new water pipe. He is extending it along Commercial row to-day, and to-morrow will extend his pipe down Virginia street. The pipe leading from the main reservoir north of town, is a 12 inch pipe. The main street pipes are 8 inch pipe. To-morrow he will turn the water into the pipes which supply a portion of the eastern part of town. When he finishes his present job, he will commence laying 6 inch pipe from the main reservoir down North Virginia street and then up Plaza and along other streets in the northern and western part of town, for the purpose of supplying water to all those desiring in that part of Reno. His object is to supply any person in Reno with water, who will patronize him. His rates will be about 50 per cent less than the rates of the Reno Water company. He is laying his pipes carefully, and apprehends little or no difficulty in furnishing a continuous supply of water to our citizens.

THE SCHOOL-HOUSE JOB.

Editor Gazette: Frequent announcements are given to the public that the Trustees of Reno school district intend to issue \$20,000 bonds in pursuance of the special school tax law and the election held thereunder. If, through a morbid desire to rule and general disposition to disregard the interests and wishes of the people in regard to primary schools, the Trustees have decided to build a twenty thousand building on their own responsibility, no one certainly will object; they are men of means and have the right to use their private funds to build a forty thousand school-house if they choose and provided they will deed the edifice when completed to the citizens of Reno for a nominal sum, it will no doubt be gratefully accepted and the names of the donors will be carefully handed down to posterity as public benefactors. But if they rely upon raising the means in accordance with the provisions of the special school tax law, they will find it first necessary to get the tax voted in accordance with that law. That

NO TAX HAS BEEN VOTED is certain. It is also certain that the County Commissioners and County Auditor will not be allowed to place any such tax against the tax-payers on the assessment roll in this district until such tax has been legally voted. The law on the point is plain and means exactly what it says. It was manifestly the intention of the Legislature that an extraordinary safeguard against carrying the vote through a weak or indifferent expression of the people should be provided, or that at least a respectable number of the voters and tax-payers of the district, should favor by their votes a measure of so much importance as the levying of a \$20,000 extra tax, so that no few individuals who might see

A LITTLE JOB

in the construction of the buildings could spring a trap on the tax-payers of the district, and by a minority vote burden the district with an onerous tax, hence this special law providing for this special \$20,000 tax, makes the special provision that it shall require a majority of all the votes in the district qualified to vote. The exact language of the law in point is this: "And if a majority of the persons in said district qualified to vote at said meeting, shall vote to carry out the recommendation of said Board of Trustees, then the said Board shall proceed, etc."

The bill was evidently copied from section, 35, of the general law in regard to school tax elections, (see page 263, compiled laws.) By comparing the two sections of the general and special laws regarding elections, it will be observed that a decided change is made in the special law as to what constitutes

A MAJORITY VOTE.

The language of the general law is this: "At such election the ballots shall contain the words 'tax yes' or 'tax no.' If a majority of the votes cast are 'tax yes' the officers of the election shall certify the facts to the County Commissioners, etc."

Briefly the general law requires a majority of the votes cast, while the special law requires a majority vote of the persons in said district qualified to vote. The language of the special law is as plain as that of the general law and neither can admit of any other construction than that which any person of ordinary intellect would readily place upon them at first sight. No language could more emphatically denote the intention of the author of the bill to require a majority of the

LEGAL VOTES OF THE DISTRICT

to vote for the tax in order to carry it whether any one voted against it or not. There is no ambiguity, or doubtful meaning that can attach to these words: "If a majority of the persons in said district qualified to vote at said meeting shall vote to carry out the recommendation of the Trustees." Nor does it require the intervention of a Court to construe the meaning of so simple a sentence.

The facts in the case are that there are about 900 voters in the district, about one-half of these, 450, registered to vote at this school tax election. There were then, 450 persons in the district qualified to vote a majority of these—225 voters—would have carried the election whereas, but 217 voted "to carry out the recommendation of the Trustees." It is therefore clear that the election was lost by nine votes.

The wisdom of the law requiring a majority of all qualified to vote on this proposition becomes apparent when we consider the fact that the tax would have been carried by a vote of 226 out of the 900 voters of the district, certainly a small minority, of these who might have been voters had they registered. The result also shows that

ONE MAN OUT OF FOUR

in the district signified by his vote the approval of the "recommendation of the Trustees." It was also a remarkable fact that a goodly portion of those

who did vote for the tax were in no way interested in public schools or taxes of any kind, many of these having never paid even a poll tax in the county. These were principally drummed up by the "boss" who thinks he sees nutriment in the job of building the foresaid school-house. "The recommendation of the Trustees, so far as the public have been informed was to erect one large school building costing \$20,000, that would be an "ornament to Reno"—one that

WOULD ASTONISH THE NATIVES and the emigrant, one that would corral all the children of both sexes, and all ages under one roof—a sort of pandemonium in extenso—another Stockton horror, a hot-bed for all diseases, moral and mental that flesh is heir to. This arrangement was disapproved by all the sensible mothers in Reno. It was disapproved of by nearly all who are posted in the modern management of public schools; it was generally opposed by all

WELL INFORMED MORAL PEOPLE; it was strenuously opposed by 132 voters who were principally heads of families, and indirectly opposed by three-quarters of the voters of the district who did not understand the "recommendation of the Trustees" well enough to vote understandingly on the question. The principal opposition came from the residents of the southern portion of the district—the south side of the river, the suburban portion of the town and the large and thickly settled farming portion of the district east, south and west of the town. This portion of the district has no school of any kind. It has over one hundred children of all ages, and the residents would pay one-fifth of the tax for the great school building. Small children to attend school have to go across either the railroad bridge or the iron bridge, and through a disreputable portion of town to get to any school. The south side people

HELD A MEETING.

invited the Trustees to be present, and they were formally asked to appropriate a small portion of the \$20,000 for a primary school on the south side. All the facts regarding the number of children south of the river, and the inconvenience and danger of sending small children to the present school, were then and there set forth; also the fact that this portion of the district was rapidly increasing in the number of school children, and the fact that if this tax was caused for the big school house it would necessarily be levied each year for twelve or fifteen years, and that it would be a long time before the south side people could get the district to vote a tax to build a primary school house on the south side on account of this annual tax for the big school house, but

THE TRUSTEES STUBBORNLY REFUSED to appropriate any portion of the tax for that purpose, hence the opposition of the south side people to the school tax, and the ultimate defeat of the "recommendation of the Trustees." Those who have opposed the tax would have favored and carried it had any provision been made for a primary school on the south side at a cost of \$1,500 or \$2,500, but the Trustees assumed to know more of the people's wants than the people themselves—that they acted arbitrarily and unwisely in the matter has now become the prevailing opinion.

Those who opposed the tax have been stigmatized by the Trustees and the "Zephyr" correspondent of the *Enterprise* as the "enemies of education"—the facts in the case being studiously avoided by that correspondent. The fact is, a large majority of those who voted against the tax would gladly have voted for it had any degree of justice or fairness been exhibited by the Trustees and their supporters.

Justice.

Reno, June 10, 1878.

Crickets at Tuscarora.

[From the Times-Review.]

They are here. The abomination of desolation spoken of by Daniel the prophet, is upon us. For days past, people coming from Cornucopia have warned us of the approach of a vast body of dreadful crickets, and this morning the advance guard of the destroying host entered the city. People unaccustomed to this annual visitation of desolating insects can form no conception of their frightful ravages. The Nevada black cricket is an omnivorous monster. He greedily devours every living thing in the vegetable kingdom from a sagebrush to a pumpkin vine. Nothing green escapes him, and as he travels with considerable celerity, he rapidly cuts a clean swath for many a league through the country. At present the insects are not more than one-third developed, and are therefore comparatively harmless, but by the first of July they will attain to the size of half grown mice and then woe to the gardener whose promises they invade. The cricket cannot fly, however, and for that reason are less to be dreaded than Kansas grasshoppers.

The sign which Clarkson N. Potter hung out so rashly a few weeks ago: "History made and repaired with neatness and dispatch; facts half-soled and made as good as new," his friends should induce him to take down. He is the worst cobbler the decade has produced.—*Eureka Republican*.

The Bloody Bannocks.

A runner arrived at Camp McDermitt Sunday from Alvord, Grant county, Oregon, with letters from the citizens asking for arms and assistance, and with news that the Bannocks at Malheur reservation had captured all the arms there, and were going to burn the houses and take the stock and murder the citizens. Natchez is at the reservation, and Winnemucca is at Juniper lake. The settlers at Stein Mountain are flying from their homes and fortifying at Devine's ranch. Captain Thompson, commanding the infantry stationed at McDermitt, is unable to send any assistance to the defenseless settlers, but has reported the condition of affairs to headquarters. Late reports from Silver City say that men who have arrived from Battle Creek, near South Mountain, say that the fight between the citizens and Bannocks on Saturday was not so serious as at first reported. The bodies of Purdy and Steuder have been brought in from the battle field, and was buried Monday with Masonic and Odd Fellows' ceremonies. Newcomb and Dorsey were not killed, as at first reported, but were seriously wounded.

All the troops from Benicia, Camp Halleck and other posts, now en route for Idaho, aggregate 350 effective men and will be concentrated at the scene of hostilities by Saturday next. All other troops in the Department are under orders to hold themselves in readiness for marching at a moment's notice. The companies at San Diego are ordered to take the next steamer on the 15th. At San Francisco the impression prevails that the campaign will prove a short one, if the troops can bring the Indians to bay in their present locality, but if they escape to the lava beds, the war may last all summer.

Will Sustain Hayes.

A Times Washington special of June 10th, gives a piece of secret history. In an interview with Senator Ben Hill, he said that forty-two ex-Confederate Congressmen had pledged themselves to abide by the decision of the Electoral Commission, so that despite the sensational rumors that filled the air towards the close of the count, there never was the remotest possibility of trouble. We held the balance of power, and did not propose to prevent it. Hill further said he thought the President an honest, pure and upright man. If anybody attempts to inaugurate a revolution the ex-rebels will put it down. We will not allow it.

The Pennsylvania Socialists.

Another meeting of those desirous to contribute to the fund for the defense of the parties charged with the murder of Lord Lietrim in Ireland, was held in Philadelphia Sunday afternoon. Subscriptions were received and resolutions adopted making the affair a national one. The Socialists had arranged for a hall for a mass meeting Tuesday evening, but on going to pay the rent were told that the Mayor had requested the proprietor not to permit the meeting. An indignation meeting was held, and strong language against the action of the Mayor indulged in. Arrangements were made for another hall.

A Drivers' Death.

James H. Steele, a professional diver met his death in San Francisco, on Saturday while in the discharge of his duties. He was engaged in diving from the schooner Mable and Edith, off Folsom street wharf, in quest of an anchor. He went down at 5:15 last evening, and after about five minutes not signifying any desire to be taken up he was drawn up by his attendant. The front glass of his helmet was broken open, and he was found to be unconscious. All efforts to save him were futile, and he died at 5:30.

The Reno Gazette, referring to various rumors in regard to Gen. Tom Williams' Senatorial aspirations, says there is one to the effect that he will stump this State to beat Cassidy for Congress. He has no cause to love Cassidy, who has abused him and denounced him and his friends in season and out of season, and if he should take the stump against him he will give him and his record an overhauling that will make him jump higher than a sky-rocket. If Williams really means to take the stump against Cassidy, the latter had better be warned in time and haul in his horns on the Congressional proposition, for Williams has got a tongue that can cut like a two-edged sword.—*Reveille*.

Indian Troubles in Utah.

Three or four men were killed on Goose creek, about 40 miles north of Terrace, Utah, by Indians, and most of the ranchers in that vicinity have come into Terrace and Kelton. A small force of infantry left Salt Lake June 10th, for those stations, as considerable alarm prevails along the railroad. Two companies of cavalry left Corinne, Utah, June 9th, for Ross Fork, Idaho. Nearly all the Bannock Indians have left their reservation near Fort Hall.

Folks from Lake Tahoe state that business is lively at Glenbrook, and in fact all round the lake.

Another Unfortunate.

A tramp by the name of Sullivan, while riding on the "deadwood" between two box cars on Sunday morning's west-bound freight train, fell from his position and had both legs cut off by the wheels of the car. He had become much fatigued and fell asleep, and then fell beneath the cars. He had traveled extensively in Arizona and New Mexico, and was not the worst nor most profligate of tramps. However, the most worthless of this class are those who do not die young. The unfortunate fellow lived but a short time after being found. On his person were found poll tax receipts from New Mexico and Arizona for this year. He asked his comrade to take his knife and cut his throat to relieve him from his misery, and had the conductor remove the ropes which had been tied above his wounds to prevent the flow of blood. The place of the accident is about two miles west of Brown's Station, on the C. P. R. R. Perhaps his life was of little sequence to his fellow man, and yet, who shall mock his last end, or be entirely indifferent that even the humblest shall meet with a sad death?

Felt Badly.

Digby has just married his third wife, and she causes the air to take on a sultry hue ever and anon. A mild mannered rooster, is Digby, one of these gentle souls who walk around to keep from crushing worms, and all that sort of thing. His wife objects to his being happy on that account, and has abused him soundly. He bore it all in silence until to-day. He was thinking of running for office, was Digby, and his head was full of it. Mrs. D. objected, and said: "I just think you're a great fool. You'll go pottering around all year and accomplish nothing." Then arose Digby in mighty anger, and grasping Mrs. D's swan like throat, he smote her vigorously upon the nose as he remarked: "Mary, I'll give you Potter. I am at times peevish and you have ruled me, but when it comes to accusing me of Democratic intentions you go too far. I want you to understand that I can lick any woman who thinks I am a cat of that order."

Fire.

At 12:15 Monday night the old fire bell called out the boys to check the work of an almost successful incendiary attempt to burn Bradley's blacksmith shop, on West Virginia street. The firemen promptly responded, and the leaping flames sneakingly succumbed to the acquiescent application of the fire originated in an old barrel which stood about midway of the south side of the shop. In this barrel was a quantity of old iron and leather. But when the fire was first discovered, the flames issuing from this barrel mounted as much as twenty feet into the air. As it had had nothing combustible in it, and never had any ashes in it, there was no possibility for the fire to originate in it unless some incendiary had placed in it combustible material, and set the same on fire. This is the second attempt which has been made to fire this or an adjoining building. Had there been any wind blowing at the time, a number of frame buildings in that immediate locality would have undoubtedly been destroyed.

RUNAWAY. — Monday afternoon when it was too late to insert another local, a clerk of Messrs. Osburn & Shoemaker, drove Mr. Harris' light wagon into Mr. J. C. Hagerman's delivery wagon, causing both vehicles to upset and throwing the driver to the ground with such force as to produce several bruises and abrasions on his back and elbow. Things were soon set right side up with care, and we stored away an item for the next day's issue. The young man has our thanks, for these dull times local news is very scarce. Damage light—perhaps \$35.

WORKINGMEN. — At the regular meeting of the workingmen on Saturday night, Mr. Jones demonstrated the fact that he was dictator a la Kearney. The proposition to organize a military company was favored by Jones and carried. The proposition to postpone for one week was then favored by Jones and carried. Mr. White arose to explain his position (?) and the chieftain, Jones, left the hall. Everybody followed, and Mr. White played a lone hand. There has not been such a fire-out since Friedman's time.

STATE NEWS.

Elko has an assorted lot of horse thieves.

The Bodie mine, Bodie district, claims a rich strike.

M. J. Robinson died in Eureka Wednesday night.

The mines at Jefferson, near Austin, are full of promise again.

The mines of Paradise valley are being talked up. No dividends yet.

The first bud of election year appears in A. V. Mandell. He announces himself in the *Elko Independent*.

The Cherry Creek robbery case in Carson is still progressing, and those well-fed jurors look as if they would like it to keep on progressing.

The Eureka *Sentinel* says that a project is on foot to build a narrow gauge railroad from Beowawe to Eureka. Leland Stanford is said to be interested in the enterprise, and the Richmond and Consolidated companies of Eureka have subscribed liberally to the capital stock.

The following bullion shipments were made Wednesday from Winnemucca: Hussey, of Cornucopia, four bars, valued at \$6,229 72; Independence, of Tuscarora, ten bars, valued at \$19,484 19; Martin White, of Ward, five bars, valued at \$10,683; Star, of Cherry Creek, five bars, valued at \$3,300; Gila, six bars, valued at \$3,516 81.

Austin has an Indian blacksmith. *Silver State*. It is reported that cinabar, containing a high percentage of quicksilver, has been found in the San Francisco sulphur company's mines at Rabbit Hole, and that the prospects are favorable for extensive deposits of the ore being found.

STRAWBERRY SORTIE.—A party of twenty-five or thirty persons passed a pleasant time Monday evening at the home of that genial old batch, Geo. Wilson. Strawberries, genuine cream and ice cream formed the attraction for the food receptacle. Music enlivened our heels and the pleasant ride and the meeting of genial friends gave cheer to the mind. Such foraging excursions are, in our judgement, not to be seered at.

AT MAYBERRY'S CAMP.—Mayberry proposes to start the ball rolling in the mountains southwest of town about the first of July. His present contracts will require more than three months time and several hundred men to complete them. Already has some 20,000 cords of wood been flumed to the Huffaker dump.

MINE VISITORS.—A party of ladies and gentlemen visited Pyramid to-day. We are promised a report by one of the ladies. A lady's view of the leadmine of the second Comstock ought to be attractive reading of a pleasant evening. Several parties will visit the Jones & Kinkead mine to-morrow. They purpose starting at 3:30 a. m.

THE CHINESE MUST GO.—So says J. Loewenthal, on Virginia street, adjoining Barnett's block, as he is prepared to make pants to order and guarantee a fit, for the small sum of \$6 and upwards and all other clothes at correspondingly low prices at the great I. X. L. Combination Store. LOOK! LOOK! LOOK! — \$5,000 REWARD.—To anyone who dares to undersell J. Loewenthal in first class goods, of gents' clothing, furnishing goods and all kinds of wearing apparel. Also gloves of the best quality sold cheap and made to order, at the great I. X. L. Combination Store, adjoining Barnett's block, Virginia street. 5-29-tf

BRANCH SUIT AND CLOAK HOUSE. Weil Brothers announce to the people of Reno that they have just opened in Reno a branch of the Cleveland Suit and Cloak company. As they get their goods directly from the manufactory they can, therefore, undersell all other Reno merchants and yet make a profit on their goods. We have no auction trash, nor do we propose to sell for twenty-five cents what is worth one dollar. We therefore take pleasure in inviting the ladies of Reno and vicinity to call and inspect our stock resting assured that we shall be able to satisfy them both as regard to price and quality of the goods. Store on east side of Virginia street, Reno, Nevada. WEIL BROTHERS. 6-5-tf.

For pianos and organs visit Brooks & Holmes' piano warehouses on Virginia street, Reno, Nevada. This firm will sell cheaper than any house on the coast. Old pianos and organs taken in exchange for new. Instruments sold on easy installments. Pianos and organs for rent. 6-4-tf BROOKS & HOLMES.

New and elegant toilet articles constantly arriving. Call and see them. QUEEN'S DRUG STORE, west side Virginia street, Reno. 5-2-tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

At Osborn & Shoemaker's you can buy Cocoa Cream for the hair at 25c. a bottle, Jockey Club hair oil at 25c. a bottle, Sun Flower hair oil at 37½c. a bottle, Boquet hair oil at 37½c. a bottle, and Golden Jockey hair oil at 37½c. a bottle. These beautiful preparations are just received from the East and were never before sold in this market. 6-5-tf

MUSIC, TARGET PRACTICE, TENNIS, REFRESHMENTS.—L. Wintermantel has made still further improvements in the appointments of his summer garden and shooting galleries. A fine Ballard rifle is now at the disposal of visitors, and the tennis alleys are now in the best of trim. Targets at long or short range, and polite attendants to wait upon visitors. A shady resort for the weary and heavy laden, also for the thirsty who desire quenching. Pay him a visit, and the best of wines liquors and cigars will be served to you at all times. 54-tf

SODA WATER—ICE COOL, SPARKLING.—The finest kind of soda water can be had at Osburn & Shoemaker's. You don't believe it? Well, go and see. 6-5-tf.

Alfalfa, Timothy, Red Top, Blue Grass, White Clover and Lawn Grass. Also the largest and best assortment of Garden Seeds ever offered in this market, fresh from the celebrated seed farms of D. M. Ferry & Co., Michigan, for sale at the lowest rates by OSBURN & SHOEMAKER. Druggists, Reno, Nev. 5-25-tf

Goldfish at Holmes'. Field, garden and flower seeds. Prices to suit the times, at the Reno Drug Store, (formerly Hoole's.) Wm. Pinniger druggist, etc. 4-9

CHEAPER THAN EVER.—Go to Yankee Dodge's for anything in the Yankee notion line. Pins, buttons, thread, needles, ladies' hose, also ladies' summer cloaks, ladies' hats, mosquito bar, Gents' shirts and drawers, socks, suspenders, gloves, jewelry, handkerchiefs, toilet soaps and other things too numerous to mention. Don't forget this is the cheapest place in town. Opposite Reno Opera House, Virginia street, Reno. 5-17-tf

Families may be supplied with fresh Limes by applying at A. Jose's Soda Factory, on Second street, Journal Building. 5-25-tf

Mr. A. Jose having purchased the fishing tackle, etc., of Flynn & Co., Pyramid Lake, has now a full supply of the finest fresh trout on hand, with which to supply the Reno trade. Place of business, Journal Building, Second street, Reno. 5-25-tf

The best of drugs and medicines daily dispensed at the lowest prices. Satisfaction given to all. QUEEN'S DRUG STORE, Opera House, Virginia street, Reno. 5-2-tf.

GREAT NOVELTY.—Miss C. Seltzer, Reno's fashionable French milliner, keeps constantly on hand a fine stock of hats, feathers, ribbons, etc. Hats made as good as new by bleaching and pressing. Cloths pressing, stamping, and all kinds of silk embroidery promptly and neatly done. Ladies wishing to purchase the latest style of goods in my line, are invited to call and inspect my stock. I have just received from San Francisco a choice lot of goods which I selected with great care and regard to please my patrons. Therefore I know I shall please my friends, and give satisfaction to all if I have their trade. Store, East side of Virginia street Reno. 3-26

Mr. A. Jose will take any number of passengers, or any amount of freight to Pyramid, on application at his office, Soda Factory, Second street, Reno. 5-25-tf

Any one wishing eggs for hatching, from pure bred fowls. Dark Brahma, Buff Cochins or Houdans, can obtain them by applying to J. M. Huysck. 4-18-tf

Get the "Diamond A" hams and "Dove" breakfast bacon at HOLMES'. 5-20-2w

The celebrated French Norman draft stallion will stand the present season at Longley's ranch, Reno and Glendale. For further particulars, see hand bills. A. A. LONGLEY, Proprietor.

I give especial attention to Physicians' prescriptions, filling them promptly and accurately. Making my own fluid extracts, elixirs, etc., I propose to fill prescriptions from medicines of known purity and strength, at as small a cost to the consumer as possible. Call at QUEEN'S DRUG STORE, Virginia street. 5-2-tf.

C. J. Brookins & Co. have pianos and organs for sale or to rent. Terms reasonable. 11-5-tf

The Reno Drug Store, (late Hoole,) is constantly receiving consignments of oils, paints, varnishes, Brushes, etc., which are offered at moderate prices. Wm. Pinniger druggist, etc. 4-9

Physicians' prescriptions receive the personal attention of a graduate in Pharmacy, of twenty years experience, at the Reno Drug Store, (late Hoole.) A full line of toilet and fancy articles and every patent medicine of repute. Wm. Pinniger, Pharmacist. 4-9

SODA WATER, ice cold and sparkling at Osborn & Shoemaker's. 6-4-tf

ALL parties who purchase bottled beverages of Mr. A. Jose will deliver the bottles to him or pay for said bottles. 4-4-tf

SELLING OFF AT COST!

MOWERS & REAPERS! HAVING retired from the above business, I beg leave to inform the farming community and public generally that I will dispose of my stock on hand at

Prices Below Cost!

These Goods Must be sold this Season.

Address GEO. W. J. WILSON, At J. C. Hagerman's, Reno. 6-16-1m.

ESTRAY.

CAME TO THE PREMISES OF THE undersigned Sunday, June 9th. Two cream colored mules, one branded T and the other not branded, harness marked, one dark brown mule, no brand, one roan horse, branded B on right hind hip, and lump back of front shoulder. The owner can obtain property by proving the same and paying charges therefor. F. H. CUTLER. Reno, June 9th, 1878. 6-10-2m.

STAMPING FOR EMBROIDERY.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF 300 STAMPS 5-27-tf MRS. G. F. VOSBURG

RENO WEEKLY GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1878.

Washoe County Official Press.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT.
W. CRANE, 425 Montgomery street, is sole Agent for the GAZETTE, authorized to contract and collect for advertisements. Advertisers are requested to leave orders with Mr. CRANE, as no other agents will be recognized in San Francisco.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

PYRAMID AGAIN.

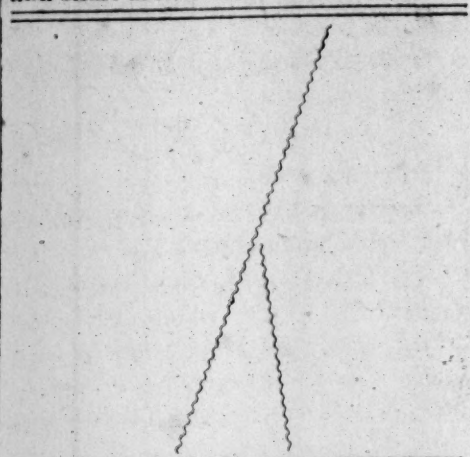
THE JONES & KINKEAD MINE.

Reasons for the Late Rise—Description of the Company's Property—What Perseverance and Economy Have Done.

Many of the best business men in Reno have maintained their confidence in the Pyramid mines, and retained their interests during the hard times of the previous winter. They have fortified their own opinions with the best judgment of experienced miners, who have visited the district, and throughout the year whenever the prospects of Reno came under discussion, Pyramid was always included in the calculation. There were a few, however, who surpassed all others for perseverance and faith in the new district. Among these were the Jones & Kinkead company, and especially Mr. J. E. Jones, Supt. and one of the principal owners of the mine. It has been Pyramid summer and winter with him, and the single example of his perseverance was almost enough to guarantee a future for the district. For a long time, however, the work done seemed to have no good results, and men forsake their claims one by one, not without hope, however, for the Jones & Kinkead was in a measure depended upon to prospect the district. The people had, however, ceased to await the arrival of semi-weekly news from Pyramid, and began to lose their active interest in the camp. Everybody was surprised therefore when last week the stock was quoted in demand at fifty cents per share. From a nominal value to \$50,000, was quite a rise for any stock in these hard times, but this leap was quickly followed by bids for the stock at \$1 and \$1.25, and the old faith in Pyramid and its mines were immediately renewed and increased. Noting the general interest which was felt in the discovery, and realizing the significance of Pyramid's prosperity to every reader of the Gazette, we visited the camp and made a thorough inspection of the

JONES AND KINKEAD MINE.
Allow us to say right here that the opinions which we express are founded upon what we saw. We have tried in vain for one year to induce the Superintendent to give us the reasons for his faith. He has always refused, but said, "Come and see for yourself and say what you please." Facts which are plain to the eye are therefore treated on, and those who doubt should take the same course as we did.
The mine is situated about two miles in a southerly direction from the road to Pyramid lake. The shaft is on the summit of a high hill, and was commenced upon a line of croppings clearly defined, and running in a northwesterly and southeasterly direction. Upon this line are the King, Muran, Doan, Armstrong, Blaisdel, and other locations. The mine is worked by a whim with horse power and the buckets slide up and down in a sort of tram-way. After inspecting the surface indications the miles of croppings and locating the direction of the Buckeye, Monarch, Pioneer, Red Rover and Infant, we mounted one of the buckets and together with Superintendent Jones, descended the incline to the
200 FOOT LEVEL.
The dip of the ledge had been followed to this point, where a station was made, and drifts were run north and south. At a distance of fifteen feet to the north a feeder of ore was encountered which ran in a general westerly direction. This was penetrated, and the northerly shift continued to a total distance of forty feet without encountering anything worthy of note. At a distance of fifteen feet from the station, a cross-cut was made, fifty feet in length and towards the west. A drift of twenty feet was also run south. The ore on this level, while it betrayed the general characteristics of that since found, was of low grade, the assay value being \$6, \$7, and one as high as \$153. At the 200 level the incline was discontinued

and the shaft commenced. The relative directions of the ledge, incline and shaft are here shown:

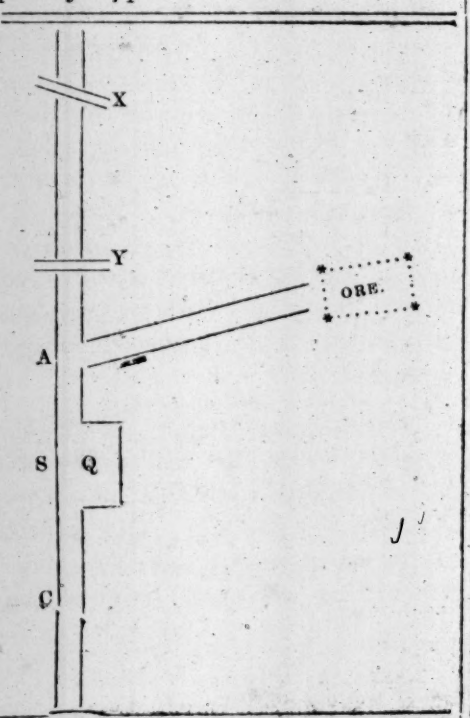


At the intersection of the two lines the incline ends and the shaft begins, taking the vertical course indicated. The ledge takes the dip indicated by the straight line.

From the 200-foot level we descended again, this time in a vertical direction, and the light from above soon grew beautifully less. Mr. Jones talked lightly of the chances, and the Gazette reporter clutched the iron hook on the bucket until it was black and blue. The bucket halted suddenly and we were on the

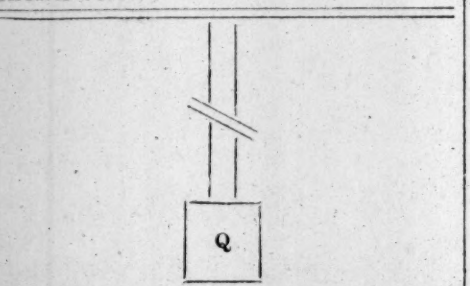
300-FOOT LEVEL.
Here we dis-bucketed again, and this time we heard the sledge hammer and drill at work. From this level the company has taken out considerable ore, and the work still goes on. The width of the ledge, as determined upon this level is sixty-two and one-half feet, and the working is indicated in the subjoined diagram.

The diagrams appended are drawn as though one were looking from the surface. Take the diagram of the 300 level and put over that of the 330 and the similarity in formation will be plainly apparent:



S represents the shaft at the 300-foot level, and Q the station. A north drift was then run from Q, as shown, and at a distance of eighteen feet a feeder of ore, Y, was encountered. This was four feet in width and pointed, as shown in the diagram; at a distance of twelve feet from Y another feeder, X, was cut which pointed in the same direction as Y. These seemed to indicate a junction and large ore body. A cross-cut was then started from the point A and at a distance of forty feet from it a body of ore shown above was penetrated. From this place commenced the shipment of ore to the surface. The space taken out is twenty-five feet in length, eleven feet wide and sixteen feet high, yet the ore body has not been limited except on one side the north wall has been reached, and is as clearly defined as the oldest Comstock minor could wish. On the south side no sign of a wall has been encountered and the upraise which they are now making in this ore chamber gives no indications of decrease in the ore. The formation and general character on the 300 is the same as that above only, it is richer. The assays from this level have reached from \$20 to \$271. From the 300 level we again descended, this time hand over hand on a ladder, and landed at the

330 FOOT LEVEL.
This level was mined because it was found impossible to keep the water encountered on the 400-foot level under control. There was no opportunity of testing the ore body on the 400 level, but from indications encountered on the 330 level it will be rich when found. On the 330 level, which has been worked but a short time, a very rich feeder to the main ore body has been encountered, as shown below:



Q represents the station on the 330

level. From this point, as upon the 300 level, a north drift was run. At a distance of sixteen feet a feeder was cut through which ran in the same direction as above, thus indicating a continuation of the ore body found upon the two upper levels. The vein of ore found upon this level is four feet in width and richer than any yet found. The assays made from it were as follows:

Hard ore, \$75 40 silver, \$25 11 gold, total, \$100 51. Fine red ore, \$367 53 silver, \$75 24 gold, total, \$442 77.

It will be seen by reading of the 200 level and inspecting the diagrams of the 300 and 330 foot levels that the same character has followed the ore and ore body thus far, the only difference being the valuable fact that the assay value increases with the depth.

It is almost certain that when a cross-cut is run from the north drift of the 330 level that the same ore body cut on the 300 level will be found again, because the same direction is apparent in every vein yet penetrated, and all these point to a central ore body as they did on the 300. Every ore vein has increased in value with the depth, and should explorations on the 400 level discover the same formation the Jones & Kinkead will be a paying mine.

THE FORMATIONS
passed through in reaching the ore body are as follows, going from the shaft: 1. Blue clayey ledge matter, containing iron, and copper sulphurets. 2. Quartzite—hard and flinty formation. 3. Talc, four feet. 4. Porphyry. 5. Blue clay and syenitic formation. 6. Ore body or feeders.

The Jones & Kinkead company has now 250 tons of ore on the dump and plenty more in sight on the 300 and 330 levels. The work of hauling this ore to the Auburn mill, which has lately been leased by the company for a term of months, has already commenced. Three large mule teams will soon arrive from Gold Hill and take up this portion of the work. Ore will be hoisted as fast as possible, in order to furnish a sufficient quantity for a thorough test at the mill. The company has been hindered in the work of prospecting by the water which drove them out of the 400 level and now stands even with the 330 level.

MANY IMPROVEMENTS
are contemplated in order to do away with this obstacle. It is desired to give the ore a practical test first. Bullion or no bullion, silver bricks or disappointment, is the question now. Pumping machinery or a tunnel which shall cut the ledge at a depth of 550 feet will come next. The company will also build a dump immediately, and erect an office, besides making improvements in the various houses now used by the employees. The company is building a direct road along the ridge to its property. When completed, this route will be shorter and more favorable to heavy teams than the one in use at present. The ore has the general characteristics of gold-bearing quartz, but also contains a portion which closely resembles the silver-bearing ore of the Comstock. Every indication points to the conclusion that a genuine ore body has at last been tapped, which at a proper depth will prove a source of dividends. People can, however, form their own conclusions, as we have stated the bare facts. We want to say a word now about

ECONOMY
in mine management. The Jones & Kinkead mine has cost stockholders \$9000. In return for this they have 400 feet of shaft with whim etc., 250 feet of drifts and cross cuts, 250 tons of ore on the dump, besides the supplies etc., which have been necessary for carrying on the work already done. This is certainly a good showing, and they have reason to feel confident in their management. No man can see that which is yet covered, but the indications point out a bright future for Pyramid. It has been brought about by the Jones & Kinkead and the pertinacity of Superintendent Jones.

IN GENERAL
the camp is looking up. Other companies are talking of resuming work, among which are the Buckeye, Monarch and Muran. A company of prospectors arrived from Washoe on Wednesday.

George Alt is road Supervisor, and one of the staunchest friends and workers which Pyramid ever had. Doctor Bishop makes semi-weekly trips. Doot Grey, is mining recorder.

Every claim which is jumpable is changing owners. Heppery swears that he will try some matrimony when he sells his Jones and Kinkead. Tuley Frank goes down to the Buckeye dump every night and rawhides himself. Thirty men are now at work in the district, twelve of whom are on the Jones & Kinkead. Matters are generally improving in town, and the lower town does a good business with the wayfarer. The Gazette will keep its readers informed of any new developments.

Petit Larceny.

This morning a tall, healthy looking young man by the name of John Sullivan, who says that he is a late arrival from Austin, was taken before Justice Richardson on a charge of petit larceny. The circumstances of the case are as follows: At an early hour this morning Sullivan stole from the V. & T. freight platform three boxes of cherries. One of these boxes he sold to Mr. A. H. Barnes. After the sale was made Mr. Barnes walked down to the office, and seeing a number of similar boxes, ascertained that the above theft had been committed. Mr. B. accompanied officers Len Harris and Barlow around town for a short time when Sullivan was discovered and arrested in Douglas alley. He pleaded guilty to the charge in the Justice Court, saying that he was under the influence of liquor at the time, but would rather steal than work. He was sent across the river for twenty days.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC.—The Methodist Sunday school have resolved as will appear from a glance at our fifty cent column, to have a grand Fourth of July picnic. The particulars as to fare etc., appear in their ad. We had trusted that our friends would go to Bowers' mansion instead of Treadway's grounds, not that we have any prejudice against Carson, by any means, but a fine country place like Bowers', possesses attractions for a picnic far ahead of a city. Bowers' mansion is the finest place that we know of in Nevada for a picnic. However, this is all to no purpose as the picnic will be given at Treadway's. It is quite probable that other schools will form part of the excursion.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE.—The Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the State of Nevada in session in Virginia city Tuesday, elected the following grand officers for the ensuing year: M. E., Phillip Seldner, of Virginia, Grand High Priest; David E. Bailey of Eureka, Deputy Grand High Priest; R. E. Frank Bell of Reno, Grand King; R. E. Horatio S. Mason of Carson, Grand Scribe; E. Charles Knust of Reno, Grand Treasurer; E. John D. Hammond of Carson, Grand Secretary; E. Tremmer Coffin of Carson, Grand Captain of the Host; E. Jonas Seely of Virginia, Grand Royal Arch Captain.

FINE RESIDENCE.—Mr. Allen C. Bragg has commenced the erection of a residence on the corner of Seminary avenue and Fifth street. The main building will be 32 x 50, story and a half high, with a six foot ell and a large bay window in the south side of the building. Mr. R. V. Borden has the contract for the foundation, and Mr. J. S. Sellers will build the superstructure. No time is set for the completion of the edifice. When it shall have been constructed Mr. Bragg will have one of the most desirable residences in town.

ALMOST A FIRE.—About 11:30 last night, the barn opposite the residence of Tom Barnett, on the corner of North Virginia and Fifth streets, caught fire, probably from a candle which a man who was sleeping in the stable at the time had used to light him to bed. Mr. Herbert Richardson discovered the flames and by promptly extinguishing them prevented the entire burning of this property.

HO FOR PYRAMID.—Wm. Barlow, T. K. Hymers, M. Dwelly and B. B. Norton, visited Pyramid Wednesday afternoon. They propose visiting the Jones & Kinkead mine and will return to-morrow evening. We are pleased to note that our citizens are taking such a lively interest in this, the leading mine of the county. Assays of \$450 per ton show first class ore. Let the ball roll and capital and labor develop.

The best of drugs and medicines daily dispensed at the lowest prices. Satisfaction given to all. QUEEN'S DRUG STORE, Opera House, Virginia street, Reno. 5-2-tf.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

SOUTH SIDE CANAL COMPANY.—Location of principal place of business, Reno, Washoe county, Nevada. Location of works, Washoe county, Nevada. Notice—There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of Assessment No. 8, levied on the 22nd day of April, 1878, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Name.	No. of Cert.	Shares.	Amt.
W. R. Thompson	14	10	\$ 5 00
W. R. Thompson	15	80	40 00
W. R. Thompson	16	5	2 50
W. R. Thompson	17	5	2 50
W. R. Thompson	18	75	37 50
R. F. Chapin	19	50	25 00
A. J. Sellers	20	50	25 00
A. Banta	21	40	20 00

And in accordance with law and an order made by the Board of Directors April 22nd, 1878, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction at the Court house, Reno, Nevada, on Saturday the 22nd day of June, 1878, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M. to pay said delinquent assessment thereon together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.

WM. L. ROSS, Secretary.
Reno, May 23d, 1878. 5-25-tf

Assessment Notice.

JONES & KINKEAD GOLD AND SILVER Mining Company. Location of principal place of business, Reno, Nevada. Location of works, Pyramid Mining District, Washoe county, Nevada. Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held on the 18th day of May, 1878, an assessment (No. 6) of two cents and a half per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in U. S. gold coin, to the Secretary, at the Reno Savings Bank.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid June 17th, 1878, shall be declared delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before will be sold on Wednesday, July 17th, 1878, to pay the delinquent assessment, to cover the costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
L. C. BATCHELDER, Secretary.
Reno, May 18th, 1878.

KERR'S

INFALLIBLE INSECT & VERMIN DESTROYER!

Is the only perfect and successful exterminator in this country to make clean work of Bed Bugs, Fleas, Greybacks, Flies, Ants, Cockroaches, Moths, Mosquitoes, Lice on Canary Birds, Flies, Poultry, and Animals; in fact, complete exterminator of all insect life, without exception. This article has become a household necessity. I offer the same for sale at a low price, and as a price as to enable all to use it plentifully, so as to guarantee every purchaser a complete success.

A Few of the Many Testimonials.

Johnson & Linnell, Proprietors of Parker House, corner K and Ninth sts., Sacramento, Cal.; P. A. Preston, wholesale dealer in wines, liquors and family groceries, and hotel proprietor, Washington, Mo. county, Cal.; Mrs. Kerr, 189 North C street, Virginia, Nev.; John Hoy, proprietor of Ohio house, Reno, Nev.; J. J. Stewart, restaurant and lodging house keeper, Truckee, Cal.; John Moody, proprietor of Truckee hotel, Truckee, Cal.; D. N. Marr, proprietor of Sutter hotel, Sutter creek, Amador county, Cal.; J. J. Smith, proprietor Auburn hotel, Auburn, Placer county, Cal.; H. Borman, hotel proprietor Verdi, Nev.; L. G. Smith, merchant, postmaster and Wells, Fargo & Co's agent, Rocklin, Cal.; A. A. Plank, proprietor Exchange hotel, Colfax, Cal.; S. A. Hamlin, Verdi, Nev.; R. P. Hoy, Christal Peak, Nev.; Peter Yager, wholesale grocery and saloon keeper, Folsom, Cal.; S. B. Coolie, proprietor American laundry, Sacramento, Cal.; Mrs. Mary Cribbens, boarding and lodging house keeper, Amador City, Cal.; D. Kaiser, restaurant and lodging house keeper, Carson City, Nev.; Warren & Sunderland, wholesale and retail butchers, Sutter creek, Amador county, Cal.; John McKay, proprietor American hotel, Truckee, Cal.; J. H. Miller, proprietor of Miller's hotel, Lake Tahoe, Cal.; Curry & Mahon, proprietors Depot hotel, Colfax, Cal.; John Holder, postmaster, Wells, Fargo & Co's agent, and merchant, Penryn, Placer county, Cal.; Claus Becker, saloon keeper, Silver City, Nev.; Mrs. C. Tobener, boarding and lodging houses, keeper, near the Imperial mine, on the Divide Virginia City, Nev.

Price, \$1.50 per pound. Bigger, 25 cents. I have 1,200 pounds on hand—plenty to supply the Trade.

Orders by express C. O. D., or by mail promptly attended to. Address all orders to J. L. McFarlin, P. O. Box No. 618, Virginia City, Nev. Also, active agents wanted for all parts of the Pacific Coast.

5-31-1m

J. L. McFARLIN,

MANUFACTURER OF

Quartz, Freight and Farm

WAGONS.

ALL KINDS OF Carriages, Spring Wagons, Buck Boards and Sulkies made and repaired.

Hard Wood and Iron Axles

For Sale.

All kinds of Shreing Done

—BY—

WM. DAVIS,

FORMERLY OF RENO, AND LATE OF VIRGINIA CITY.

Give us a call and we guarantee satisfaction.

A LARGE STOCK OF

STANDARD AND NEVADA PATTERN

STUDEBAKER WAGONS

On hand and for sale. Also

Studebaker 'uggies of all kinds.

Sierra Street, Reno, Nevada.

(Opposite Masonic Hall).

11-17-18-19

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

SADDLES, HARNESS,

BRIDLES, BRUSHES, ROBES,

CURRY COMBS, WHIPS, HORSE

BLANKETS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

NONE BUT THE BEST WORKMEN EMPLOYED, and the Largest and Best Assortment of Saddlery and Harness on the line of the C. P. R. east of Sacramento.

All Articles Warranted.

Orders and repairs promptly attended to and at the lowest cash prices.

Call at the old shop next to the Gazette Office, Sierra Street, Reno, Nevada.

49tf J. B. GUNTHER.

STAMPING FOR EMBROIDERY.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF 500 STAMPS

1-17-18-19

MRS. G. F. VOSBURG

DELINQUENT TAX LIST.

STATE OF NEVADA, COUNTY OF WASHOE.

Notice of Proceeding Attorney's Office.

NOTICE OF SUITS COMMENCED.—To all owners of, or claimants to the Real Estate and improvements thereon, or Improvements where assessed separately, in the County of Washoe, State of Nevada, hereinafter described, known or unknown:

You are hereby notified that suits have been commenced in the Justice Court of Reno Township, in the County of Washoe, State of Nevada, by the State of Nevada, Plaintiff, against each of the Defendants hereinafter named, and each of the following described tracts or parcels of land, with the improvements thereon, and improvements where separately assessed, and all owners of, or claimants to the same, known or unknown, to said defendants against said property for the fiscal year, commencing January 1st, A. D. 1877, and ending December 31st, A. D. 1877, and that a summons has been duly issued in each case; and you are further notified that unless you appear and answer the Complaint filed in said cause, as follows, to wit: Those certain persons described as unknown owners Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, on or before the 18th day of June, A. D. 1878, and those certain others herein described persons, on or before ten o'clock A. M. on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1878, judgment will be taken against you and the real estate and improvements herein described, for the amount of said taxes and delinquency specified, and costs of suit:

Unknown Owner, No. 1—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
Unknown Owner, No. 2—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
Unknown Owner, No. 3—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
Unknown Owner, No. 4—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
J. B. Cane—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
O. Gooch—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
L. B. Nichols—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
A. A. Maynard—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
Peter Robinson—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
J. Williams—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
Unknown Owner, No. 5—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
Unknown Owner, No. 6—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
Unknown Owner, No. 7—Tax and delinquency on 1/4 of NW 1/4 Sec 4 T 18 N R 18 E. \$3 96
WILLIAM CAIN,
District Attorney of Washoe Co., Nev.
May 20th, 1878.

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE

Second Judicial District of the State

of Nevada, in and for the County of

Washoe. The State of Nevada sends to Sarah

J. Smith, Greeting: You are hereby required

to appear in an action commenced against

you as defendant by A. A. Smith as plaintiff,

in the District Court of the Second Judicial

District, in and for the County of Washoe,

State of Nevada, and answer the complaint

therein within ten days after the service on

you of this summons (exclusive of the day of

service) if served in said County, or twenty

days if served out of said County, but within

all districts, and in all other cases forty days;

and if you fail to appear and answer the

complaint, judgment by default will be taken

against you according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree

dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore

existing between you and plaintiff,

who alleges a marriage between you and him

in September, A. D. 1872; that ever since you

and he have been, and now are, husband and

wife; that on the 30th day of March, A. D.

1877, you, the defendant, deserted and

abandoned him, and ever since have continued

to desert and abandon him; that there is no

common property, and are no children living

of the issue of said marriage. Plaintiff alleges

that he is now, and for six months next

ceasing the commencement of this action has

been a resident of the County of Washoe and

State of Nevada, all of which well and truly

appear from the complaint which is on file in

the office of the Clerk of said Court at Reno,

in said County.

And you are further notified that if you fail

to appear and answer said complaint, the said

plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief

demanded.

—IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, P. B.

seal (COMSTOCK), have hereunto set my

hand and affixed the seal of said Court

this 14th day of May, A. D. 1878.

P. B. COMSTOCK,

Clerk of the District Court of the Second Ju-

dicial District, Nevada, in and for Washoe

county.

BOARDMAN & VARIAN, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

THE BANNOCK WAR.

Movement of the Hostiles-Where They are Likely to Make a Stand-Excitement in Eastern Nevada.

BOISE CITY, June 11th.—Of the affair near South Mountain, in Owyhee county, the public are doubtless already informed. Four citizens were killed, one was wounded and one is missing, who is believed to have been killed. Reinforcements were sent forward from Silver City, and another fight was expected to take place to-day. Colonel Robbins, who went with 20 scouts to Duck valley on Friday, is expected to return to Colonel Bernard's command on the Bruneau to-night. If he arrives the command will start for Munday's ferry to-morrow morning. At Munday's ferry are the company of volunteers, 30 in number, who went from this city last week, and the government baggage train and escort which went from Fort Boise on Tuesday.

MOVEMENTS OF THE INDIANS.

By the overland stage, which arrived at 4 p. m. on Sunday, we learn that a considerable body of Indians was seen near Cold Spring Station, sixty-five miles out of this place, last night. All accounts agree that the Indians are constantly passing across the Snake river, between Big Camas prairie and the scene of hostilities in Owyhee county. General Howard is expected here on Tuesday next, and the column of troops moving from the west will arrive a day later. The Indians will probably make the first stand in the Juniper mountain region, but it is evident that only a portion of their fighting force is there, and that they will also remain at the Big Camas prairie and in the lava beds until dislodged or forced to surrender. Col. Grover and Captain Hunter will arrive in the morning.

REINFORCEMENTS FROM NEVADA.

CARLIN, June 11.—Adjutant-General Adams, of the State of Nevada, left Carson last night with 140 stands of arms and 4,000 rounds of ammunition, en route for the scene of Indian hostilities, and arrived at Carlin yesterday afternoon. He left Carlin for Tuscarora last night and will organize a volunteer force there for the protection of that part of the State. Two companies of the 12th infantry, under command of Major Egbert, left Winnemucca yesterday in the direction of Silver City. Two companies of United States cavalry left Kelton in the same direction. These separate columns, with the assistance of General Adams' State troops, will serve to cover and protect the country from Winnemucca to Kelton, a distance of about 350 miles, and will drive the Indians north in the direction of Gen. Howard's command, now approaching Boise City from Oregon. The hostiles are composed entirely of Bannocks, and are estimated at 300 strong, and are moving without their women and children. They are well mounted and armed. Considerable property has been destroyed and several lives lost. The settlers between here and Tuscarora are armed, and some have come in. Fighting is reported between the volunteers and Indians in the Duck Lake country.

The following dispatch was received at Winnemucca Tuesday night: CAMP McDERMIT, June 11th, 7 p. m.—A. J. Sheppard: Send us by telegraph authority to take the four cases of rifles now stored at the sutler's here, awaiting your orders. We will be responsible for them. The country for miles around is infested with Bannocks, who are burning every ranch as they go, and driving off the stock. If we don't get guns we will suffer severely. The people are all coming in to Camp McDermit for protection, and only a few infantry men are here. We must have the guns if we are obliged to take them by force. The Indians have taken all the horses and cattle from Burns' and Tom Davidson's ranches and burned the houses. All the citizens who could get to White Horse Ranch are there at the present time, and must remain there until we return with men and arms to relieve them. Your guns cannot go to Silver, as all the stages have stopped running, and cannot get beyond this place.

W. B. TODD, HUNTER.
J. F. BURNS.

Ten-Mile station, on the Idaho road, has been burned. Mr. Sheppard telegraphed authority to use the guns and ammunition referred to in the above dispatch. A company of sixteen selected men was at once organized and yesterday morning left Winnemucca to scout along the stage road leading north and render all possible assistance to settlers.

General McDowell, commander of the Pacific coast division of the U. S. army, yesterday sent the following telegram to Judge Bonfield:

Judge Bonfield, Winnemucca.—I send two companies from Alcatraz to Winnemucca to-day. A company of cavalry is on the way from Camp Bidwell to McDermit. McDOWELL.

The following dispatch was received at Winnemucca yesterday:

CARSON, June 12th.—W. S. Bonfield and R. W. Wood: Cannot send arms before 7 o'clock this evening. Telegraph your wants before 4 o'clock p. m. to-day. Governor Bradley will reach Winnemucca on the Eastern train to-day.

Three cases of arms and several thousand rounds of ammunition were

sent from Carson to Winnemucca last night. All stage communication on the Idaho road has been cut off. The Bannocks are occasionally killing a settler, burning ranches and driving off stock.

The European Congress.

BERLIN, June 12th.—Gortschakoff has arrived quite ill. The congress will probably sit on alternate days, each sitting to occupy about three hours. The first subject considered will probably be the degree of secrecy to be observed, and the military position at and near Constantinople.

VIENNA, June 12th.—It is said that the Porte does not intend to make any stand against a declaration of independence of Roumania, Servia or Montenegro. In regard to Asia, the Turks will plead that the Russian possessions of Kara would leave a great part of the country defenceless, and that the nationalities about Batum are opposed to annexations to Russia.

BERLIN, June 13th.—On his arrival here Prince Gortschakoff was exceedingly pale. He was rapped in thick furs, and had to be carried from the train to his carriage by his attendants. His condition causes some apprehension.

BERLIN, June 13.—Yesterday was chiefly spent by the envoys to the congress in paying visits of ceremony, and in introduction and reception. State carriages with richly caparisoned horses, outriders, and footmen in state costumes, rolled about the streets all the afternoon, conveying special envoys to and from the Old Castle, where they were received in audience by the Crown Prince, in order of the time of their arrival in Berlin. A severe thunder storm marred the outdoor proceedings. The British delegate and suite dined with Lord Otto Russell, British Ambassador. Prince and Princess Bismarck held a reception in the evening.

Investigating the Election Frauds.

The Potter investigating committee resumed its sitting yesterday, Morrison presiding, and Darrall, of Louisiana, was examined by Cox. He said: "Shortly after my conversation with Potter, Anderson told me he had seen Matthews and threatened him with publication of certain documents, and pictured to Matthews the scandal it would raise; and that, in reply, Matthews told Anderson if he was inclined to pursue that course he might go on and publish anything he desired. Subsequently Matthews said to me, 'I witness that he would have nothing further to do with Anderson if he intended publishing the document.' Witness said that he had seen the original of the Nash agreement in Washington and related the circumstances. Nash afterwards explained to witness that he signed it in a foolish moment and ought not have done so. Witness never had a conversation with Sherman about the so-called Sherman letter, and believes there is no such document. Witness said that Anderson, when at home, was much dissipated, but, although his reputation might be considered bad in the North, it was considered good to fair in New Orleans.

Mexican Border Troubles.

GALVESTON, June 13.—A San Antonio special says a gentleman who returned from Fort Clark last Friday reports that General Nuncio, commanding the Mexican government troops, was killed by Escobedo's soldiers near that place. On Saturday General Mackenzie and Colonel Shafter, with a strong force crossed into Mexico in pursuit of the raiders, about forty miles north of Eagle Pass, that night. They were obliged to return to Texas immediately, and telegraphed for reinforcements. Twenty companies of cavalry have been sent to their assistance, with a section of artillery, consisting of two Gatling guns, and two rifled cannon. It is believed at Fort Clark that these combined forces have re-entered Mexico. The troops have fifteen days' rations and a heavy train, with two experienced guides. Exciting news is expected.

Suicide at Sacramento.

A Sacramento dispatch of June 12th says: M. Marline came from San Francisco a month ago, and has a family there. He brought here a little girl five years old. He started a vegetable stand, but did not do well. Late to-day he and his child were seen sitting on the bank of the river on the Yolo side, above the bridge. Later the parties were missed, and the man's hat found floating on the river and the girl's sack in a skiff near the shore; also a letter partly torn up, addressed to Marline's landlady, telling him to take what was in the vegetable stand to pay his board bill. It is surmised that Marline took the child in his arms and committed suicide in the river.

Dr. G. A. Shurtleff was re-elected Superintendent of the insane asylum at Stockton June 11th by a vote of four to one, notwithstanding numerous petitions from Democratic physicians, Democratic state and county committees and from prominent Democrats to elect a Democratic Superintendent.

FIFTH ANNUAL FAIR.

Amended Speed Programme.

The speed programme for the fifth annual fair was adopted by the Nevada State Jockey Club, and referred to a select committee for revision. It has now been finally determined, and will soon be published and advertised. The publication on a previous day was premature and incorrect in some particulars. In its present form we have the most popular programme of the present year. Cut it out and send it to your friends:

FIRST DAY—OCTOBER 7TH.

First: Ballnetto stake, for thoroughbred 3-year old fillies. Society to add an amount equal to entrance; dash of one and a half miles; entrance, \$50. Any filly that has previously won a race shall carry five pounds extra, any filly that has won two races eight pounds extra, any filly that has won three races ten pounds extra. Second filly to save entrance.

Second—Running, free for all three-year-olds; mile and repeat; purse, \$500; first horse, \$300; second horse, \$125; third horse, \$75.

Third—Mile and repeat; purse, \$400; free for all horses in Nevada; also, for all horses from Sierra, Lassen, Plumas and Modoc counties, California, and Grant and Lake counties, Oregon; first horse, \$200; second horse, \$125; third horse, \$75.

Fourth—Running, free for all; dash of two miles, entrance \$100, half forfeit, society to add \$200; second horse to save entrance.

SECOND DAY—OCT. 8TH.

First—Trotting, 2:30 class, free for all horses in Nevada and counties above named in California and Oregon; mile heats, three in five; purse, \$500; first horse, \$300; second horse, \$150; third horse, \$100.

Second—Trotting, free for all; three miles and repeat; purse, \$800; first horse, \$500; second horse, \$200; third horse, \$100.

THIRD DAY—OCT. 9TH.

First—Running, two miles and repeat, free for all horses in Nevada and the counties in California and Oregon above named; purse, \$600; first horse, \$350; second horse, \$150; third horse, \$100.

Second—Running, mile and repeat, free for all; purse \$500; first horse, \$350; second horse, \$100; third horse, \$50.

Third—Trotting, class 2:35, free for all horses in Nevada and the counties in California and Oregon above named; purse \$500; first horse, \$300; second horse, \$125; third horse, \$75.

Fourth—Running, free for all; dash of one-half mile; purse, \$200; first horse, \$100; second horse, \$75; third horse, \$25.

FOURTH DAY—OCT. 10TH.

First—Trotting, free for all three-year-olds in Nevada, and the counties in California and Oregon that have been named; mile heats; purse, \$800; first horse, \$500; second horse, \$200; third horse, \$100.

Second—Trotting, class 2:26, free for all; mile heats, best three in five; purse, \$1000; first horse, \$600; second horse, \$300; third horse, \$100.

FIFTH DAY—FRIDAY, OCT. 11TH.

First: Running, free for all; two miles and repeat; purse \$800; first horse, \$500; second horse, \$200; third horse, \$100.

Second—Running, free for all; half mile and repeat; purse, \$400; first horse, \$200; second horse, \$125; third horse, \$75.

Third—Running, free for all; two-year-olds; mile dash entrance, \$50 half forfeit, society adds \$200; second horse saves entrance.

SIXTH DAY—SATURDAY, OCT. 12TH.

First: Trotting, class 2:40, free for all; mile heats, three in five; purse \$900; first horse, \$400; second horse, \$125; third horse, \$75; Colonel L. Graves' horse, Queen and Crocker's mare.

Second—Trotting, free for all; mile heats, three in five; purse, \$1200; first horse, \$750; second horse, \$300; third horse, \$150.

Entries to all stakes will close September 15th with the society.

Entries to all trotting purses will close September 15th with the Secretary.

Entries to all running purses will close the night before the race.

Five or more to enter and three or more to start, in all races for purses.

National Trotting Association rules to govern trotting races. Pacific coast rules to govern running races except as above.

Each day's races will commence promptly at 1 o'clock p. m.

The complete list of premiums in all departments of the fifth annual fair will be issued at an early day. Any one desirous of extra copies or special information, should address the Secretary undersigned.

L. L. CROCKETT, Secretary.
W. R. CHAMBERLAIN, President.

The New York Evening Post of Tuesday says William Cullen Bryant lies in a comatose state, and his physicians are almost afraid to give him any nourishment.

Joseph Foulk & Sons, shipping and commission merchants of New York, have failed. Liabilities, \$470,000; assets, \$184,000. The firm has been in existence eighty years.

Pyramid.

Local Friend of the Evening Screw Driver.

To keep your promise to your afflicted readers, I will briefly narrate my experience in the bowels of the Jones & Kinkead mine, and by way of variety throw in a few stray items from along the way and in the camp. At the unseasonable hour of five o'clock yesterday morning the party of which I was so fortunate as to be a member started for the second Comstock of Nevada. Of course I had a lively anxiety to gaze upon the hidden treasures of which so much has recently been said. The incidents of the trip out are of very little consequence and I shall place myself at the camp ready for the ascent of the hill to where, ensconced in Mother earth, lay what we all believe will prove a regular bonanza for its owners, and a source of revenue for many years to our own little town. Being young and, as my maternal says, on my first legs, I sallied forth like a besieged tramp to an inviting meal, but the other ladies, being a little more corpulent, and my seniors by many years, puffed and blowed like a dyspeptic C. P. engine on the twenty-five-mile grade. When we reached the mine and had gazed at the great ruggedness of Nature for a while, we made preparations to descend into the mine. The other ladies remained on top, but I carelessly received their precautions, and seating myself in the bucket, slid down into the mine as if the way was greased. The miners were most timid and respectful, and no doubt thought that I expected them to be dressed up and with uncovered head stand in waiting my arrival. But I am rambling in my description as one on a picnic under shade and along flowery walks. I clumsily followed Mr. Jones, the mine Superintendent, listened to his explanations, freely perspired in the long tunnels, crossovers, etc., looked as if I understood it all, and then with out objection submitted to being hauled up to my friends and the light of day. I am informed that the Jones & Kinkead is a very rich mine, and from what I saw cannot assert to the contrary. But, say, we killed the biggest rattlesnake coming home I ever saw. If your readers don't like this and don't think that I have given a clear description of the above mine, let them go and satisfy their own curiosity.

District Court.

The case of E. David vs. Courtois & Boyd was not tried in the District Court, on account of the absence of one of the attorneys in the case, who was engaged in a case in the United States Circuit Court in Carson. This case will be tried to-morrow, and the case of the State vs. Ah Chouey will be postponed. In the latter case the evidence is not as connecting and positive as could be desired, and it is possible that the criminal, Ah Chouey, will escape his just deserts. Too much "no sabe" in all such cases which have stood for a few weeks or months.

A GOOD JOB.—A wild Ishishman Tuesday afternoon thought he would knock the stuffing right out of Getchell, the C. P. yardmaster. Getchell presented no objections to the proposition, but when the son of the Emerald Isle acted on his idea he very shortly came to the conclusion that the aforesaid yardmaster was a pretty solid man himself. The spectators say that Michael Finnegan was the party who lost the stuffing.

MARRIED.—At 6:30 a. m. Wednesday Mr. H. W. Minagh, foreman of the Vulcan Powder Company of this place, led to the Hymenial altar Miss Emma S. Sinclair also a resident for the last year of Reno. Rev. Mr. Lucas made the two lovers, by the law, man and wife. After this marital rite, the happy twain took the 7:30 train for Virginia city. May the successes and pleasures of a most happy and prosperous life be theirs to enjoy.

MASONIC.—The following named gentlemen were elected officers for the year in the Masonic Grand Lodge which was in session yesterday at Virginia city. H. L. Fish, of Reno, Grand Master; F. Furth, of Genoa, Deputy Grand Master; D. E. Bailey, of Eureka, Senior Warden; J. C. Currie, of Virginia, Treasurer; Rev. J. D. Hammond, of Carson, Grand Secretary; T. Rolfe, of Virginia, Junior Warden.

THE BLOODY BANNOCKS.

The Situation Along the Stage Road.

[From the Silver State.] John Biggs, driver on the Northwestern stage line between here and Willow creek arrived Thursday afternoon, bringing in families from Baker's, Hoppin's and Snapp's places. The stage made no connection at Willow creek, and for twelve hours he remained there waiting for the stage due from the north, and ignorant of the fact that a driver had been killed, until a Piute who happened along, told him. He says that some two hundred Indian horses were seen between Willow creek and McDermit night before last, and undoubtedly there were as many riders resting while their horses were feeding. He believes that an Indian runner left here the evening the infantry went out and carried the news to the Bannocks, who consequently expected the soldiers, saved the people along the road from being scalped, as the runner was not aware of the fact that the troops came back to the railroad. He thinks the volunteers who left here Thursday can scarcely escape the Indians who outnumber them ten to one, and who are undoubtedly posted by runners as to their marches. Many of the Piutes have given proof of their friendship for the whites, while at the same time there is no doubt of others of the tribe having joined the Bannocks. It is reported up the road that Colonel Hardin, Fulgam and another man are missing, but whether they have been killed by the Indians or not, was not known. Piutes informed him that a band of Bannocks were going in the direction of Paradise valley, and another band were going down Quin river. All the stations from McDermit to Sheep ranch have been abandoned, and he could learn nothing about the extent of the depredations committed on stock ranches throughout the country.

THE VERY LATEST.

Sixty breech loading rifles arrived to-day by express. A company of five volunteers—Lieutenant Monroe, Andrew Habbs, J. O. Ivory, H. Dalrymple and E. Jones—started with the stage to Camp McDermit with some arms and ammunition, and thirty guns were sent to Paradise Valley. Frank Burns arrived from the north to-day. He says himself and family were saved by Naches who informed him of the approach of the hostiles. The Northern Piutes are disposed to join the Bannocks, and Naches and Winnemucca are trying to prevent them. A note received by Burns from Orel's ranch at Juniper, says the Indians have taken everything, and the whites want assistance. Communication between different places is carried by friendly Piutes. Troops from the North are coming to the Owyhee, and General Howard is expected to open the road north of McDermit.

Brotherhood.

Following is the list of officers of the new lodge of the Conductor's Brotherhood, lately organized at Wadsworth. The new lodge is No. 56, and was organized by J. Ward Bayles, Grand Organizer and editor of the Conductor's Magazine, published at Chicago, Ill. There are 58 divisions, and over 1,500 members in the Brotherhood. The motto of this excellent Order is brotherly love, fidelity and morality. They are opposed to strikes, and will oppose them with all their influence.

The officers of Pyramid Lodge, No. 56, are: C. M. Arnold, P. C. C.; J. W. Putman, C. C.; W. S. Canon, A. C. C.; E. P. Lovejoy, Sec.; R. W. Clinch, Treas.; C. B. Burdick, S. C. C.; L. Howe, Jr., C. C.; R. W. Brasher, J. S. S.; A. W. McPherson, O. S. S.

Arm Broken.

Young Frank Stoddard last night broke both bones of his left forearm, near the wrist. Late in the afternoon he rode on horseback up to Peavine. On his return, and when about two miles this side of Peavine, his horse stumbled and fell on his arm, badly breaking both the ulna and radius bones. Fortunately, the horse he was riding is very gentle, and Frank, after some difficulty, mounted and rode to Jim Woodward's cabin near the seminary. Jim took him into the house and went for Dr. Bergman, who set the injured member, and Frank is now as his brother's, Mr. Charles H. Stoddard. The accident occurred about 11 o'clock last night and at the time of its occurrence Frank was riding in a trot.

SUPREME COURT DECISION.—We see from the Enterprise that the case of J. E. Jones & Co., respondents, vs. the Pacific Wood & Flume company, appellant, has been decided by the Supreme Court. The judgment and order appealed from are reversed and the cause remanded. The opinion is by Justice Leonard, Chief Justice Hawley and Judge Beatty concurring.

Jottings.

—Utah mining company has levied an assessment of \$1 per share.

—The thermometer to-day struggled near ninety-two in the shade.

—Matt. Canavan of Virginia City and C. C. Stevenson of Gold Hill are in town.

—Mr. A. Jose will bring his trout in from Pyramid lake hereafter in a refrigerator.

—We received a tale (?) from Pyramid to-day. It consists of six rattles and a button.

—Remember the social dance this evening at the Pollard house. Tickets, not including supper, one dollar.

—The amount of assessable property in the Reno school district, as per last year's assessment roll, is \$1,188,157.

—A dance at Smith's Academy was on the tapis for this evening, but has fallen through.

—The Trustees of the A. M. & M. society met to-day. The amended speed programme appears in these columns.

—The annual meeting of the stock holders of the Farmers' Co-operative association has been postponed to the 25th instant.

—Ophir, with \$244 rock, levies a dollar assessment. Savage also has called upon its stockholders for one dollar assessment delinquent July 10th.

—Any one desirous of purchasing a fine single top buggy, will consult their interest by glancing at "For sale" in the 50 cent column.

—Mr. Fulmer, former partner of Mr. S. F. Hoole, is in town. He has a furniture store with Mr. H. Ward, also a former Renoite, in Bodie.

—The presiding genius of the Justice Court, may be found in Virginia city reveling in the beauties of mining and hoisting in Comstock soda water.

—By reason of the melting of snow on the mountains south of town and around lake Tahoe, the Truckee has raised more than one foot during the past week.

—Dan Dennissen, an old turfman, is here with Stewart and a running horse said to be a brother of Mollie McCarthy. Tom Morgan put in his appearance this morning.

—The firemen's dance for the evening of the 4th of July has fallen through. Let some other party or parties give us a dance or entertainment of some kind on that evening.

—Mr. Holmes received a telegram to-day that the Pacific Coast Pioneers would hold their annual picnic on the 20th of July at Bowers' Mansion. In this the picnicers have betrayed excellent judgment.

—Captain Charley, of Wadsworth, has been elected chief of the Piute Indians, Natchez deposed. Our dispatch does not indicate the significance of this move, but no war-like demonstrations are anticipated.

—A very pleasant invitation party was given last evening by Miss Fanny Barnett at her father's residence. Dancing, a fine supper, excellent music, etc., constituted the young folks' amusement.

—A fairly-written poem to the tune of "I Want to be an Angel" was received at this office this morning. It is too rich for publication to-day. In fact, we are inconsiderate enough to insert in preference our own drivelings.

—Wells Drury, local fiend of the Gold Hill News, and Frank Mercer, chief of the editorial staff of the Sutro Independent, were in the burg Wednesday. Gentlemen, we shall always be pleased to meet you.

—These hot days are gotten up for the benefit of Osburn & Shoemaker's soda fountain. These gentlemen now have tickets good for one drink. So ladies may lay down a half and Osburn & Shoemaker will cover it with five tickets.

—Mr. Alexander, the lengthy proprietor of the Evening Harasser, has tumbled to the Pyramid excitement and fled to that lively mining camp. To-morrow or the day following our readers shall hear of his banterings as a mining sharp.

—Mr. Charles L. Queen, Secretary of the Workingmen's club, has withdrawn from the organization, believing that the controlling influence in this society is communistic in tendency. Other members will probably follow his example.

BOCA! BOCA!
Granite Saloon

AND LODGING HOUSE.

Commercial Row Reno Nevada.
(Next door to Masonic Building.)

Boca and Sacramento Beer,
KEPT IN ICE.

137 Fine Lunches prepared, of Swiss
CHERRY, LIMEJUICE, and other delicacies.
The Celebrated Anheuser beer from St.
Louis, kept in the finest condition.

Sacramento and Boca bottled beer delivered
in any part of the city, at \$2 per dozen.

Come around and refresh yourself.

The finest brands of
LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
Wholesale and Retail.
4-201f **GEORGE BECKER, Proprietor.**

Mint Saloon!

MARTIN SANDERS

HAS TAKEN CHARGE OF THIS WELL
known saloon, where he invites all his
friends to visit him.

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Etc.
Of the Best Quality.

A QUIET ROOM in which to Read or
Smoke.

Only the Best Brands at
"THE MINT."
CALL AND SAMPLE. 4-30 1f

HEADQUARTERS.

New & Elegantly Fitted Saloon,
Cor Commercial Row and Virginia St.,

MR. L. E. CREWS,

AN EXPERIENCED MIXOLOGIST. HAS
as entirely remodeled the old Commercial
Exchange, and opened a Saloon, the Bar
of which is supplied with the best

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
Add with his old friend, MR. ILLIDGE, in-
vites the Exchange, those who indulge.

SALOON OPEN DAY NIGHT.
J. T. CREWS, MANAGER.
4-6 1f

RENO EXCHANGE.

Commercial Row.

WHITE & BLOCK.....Proprietors.
WE HAVE THOROUGHLY RENOV-
ated and made many repairs and addi-
tions to our saloon, and are now prepared to
serve the public with fine

Wines,
Liquors,
and **Cigars.**

Connected with our saloon is a FARE
ROOM. Entrance from rear of saloon, and
also directly from the main room.
8-311f **White & Block.**

MORRIS ASH,

VIRGINIA STREET.....RENO
DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

OF THE BEST BRANDS.

By the Wholesale or Retail.

A large supply of the celebrated Milwaukee
Beer always on hand.
Give me a call.
8-371f **MORRIS ASH**

Sacramento Beer Saloon.

And Lodging House.

J. J. BECKER.....Proprietor.
West Side Virginia Street, Reno.

THE BEST OF

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

Kept constantly on hand.

Beer sold by the quart, bottle or glass. Cold
Lunches (American and German) to be had
every day.
4-111f

GO TO THE

Saddle Rock Restaurant

—AND—

OYSTER HOUSE.

This favorite resort having been Renovated
and Refitted is again open.
OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE!

Mr. Baum makes a specialty of
supplying families for home use
with Eastern and California
Oysters at wholesale
Prices.

Meals at all Hours, Day or Night. Dinner
from 4 to 8 o'clock P. M. special accommo-
dations for ladies and families. Come and be
made glad.
B. B. BAUM, Manager.
5-1 1f

LAKE HOUSE

RENO NEVADA.

ED. VESEY.....Proprietor.

THIS HOTEL IS FIRST CLASS IN
every respect. Has a pleasant location
and fine grounds, upon the bank of the
Truckee River.

THE HOUSE HAS BEEN THOROUGHLY
REFITTED

And adapted to the comfort of the guests. It
offers superior inducements for

FAMILY RESORT.

FINE BAR.

AND

Private Billiard Room Attached.

137 Proper notification being given by
telegram, or otherwise, the Lake House car-
riage will always be in readiness to convey the
guests to and from the hotel.

ED. VESEY, Prop.

DEPOT HOTEL.

AT THE DEPOT, RENO, NEV.

William R. Chamberlain,

PROPRIETOR

THIS house is situated beside the Railroad
track and it is but a step from the building
to the Cars of the C. P. R. R. on one side and
those of the V. & T. R. R. on the other.

All the Attractions of a First Class
Hotel are supplied.

All the Passenger Trains Stop in front
of the Hotel.
The Office of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Ex-
press is in this Building.

Connected with this Hotel is a first class
Lunch Room

—AND—

OYSTER SALOON,

Where passengers from the cars and all others
desiring a "square meal," can get OYSTERS IN
EVERY STYLE, CLAMS, CRABS, PIGS' FEET,
COLD MEATS, HOT COFFEE AND TEA, and
other delicacies.

WM. R. CHAMBERLAIN,
Proprietor.

GRANGER HOUSE.

Corner Virginia and Second Streets, Reno, Nevada.

R. W. RUSSELL, Proprietor

THIS HOTEL HAS BEEN FURNISHED
and placed in first-class condition for the
traveling public.

THE BAR

Will always be supplied with the best Wines,
Liquors and Cigars.

THE TABLE

Will at all times be supplied with the best food
Market Affords. 5-10 1f

WESTERN HOTEL.

PLAZA STREET, NEAR SIERRA, RENO.

J. D. SHAW, Proprietor.

Board & Lodging per week, \$7.
" " " " day, \$1.

Single Meals, 25 Cents.
Lodging, 25 and 50 Cents.

A BATH ROOM CONNECTED
WITH THE HOUSE.

THIS HOTEL HAS BEEN THOROUGH-
ly overhauled and all its apartments put
in excellent order for the accommodation of
guests.
A share of public patronage is respectfully
solicited.
J. D. SHAW.

STEAMBOAT SPRINGS.

THIS popular place of Summer resort is
well prepared to suit the health or pleas-
ure seeking public.

HOT OR COLD BATHS!
MINERAL OR SULPHUR BATHS.

First rate Hotel Accommodations. Every
attention paid to the comfort, pleasure or
health of visitors.

Terms Reasonable

1-131f **M. & J. RAPP.**

BRONCO WOOD YARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN
engaged in the Wood Business for years,
represents that he has improved and perfected
his facilities for cutting and transporting
large quantities of wood to his

YARD AT BRONCO.

Wood of Every Size & Quality
Offered to Consumers

AT THE LOWEST RATES BY THE
CAR LOAD.

Address: **A. M. Wickes,**
10-91f Bronco, California

BANK

D. A. Bender & Co.

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

Transacts a General

Banking and Exchange Business

**Buy & Sell Silver Coin, Currency,
Domestic and Foreign
Exchange,**

Mining Stocks, Bonds, &c.

Careful attention paid to Collections and
Returns made on Day of Payment.

Correspondents:

National Bank of D. O. Mills & Co. Sacramento
Bank of California.....San Francisco
Latham & King, Brokers.....San Francisco
American Exchange National Bank, New York
Bank of Montreal.....Montreal, Canada
We draw direct on all principal cities
of Europe.

Agents for Imperial, Northern, Royal Com-
mercial Union, Queen's, Union and Fireman's
Fidelity Insurance Companies—Combined capital
and assets, \$70,000,000.

Office Hours, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

RENO

SAVINGS BANK.

Capital Stock.....\$100,000

President.....M. C. LAKE
Vice-President.....J. E. JONES
Manager.....JAS. H. KINKEAD

DIRECTORS:

M. C. LAKE, J. E. JONES, G. W. HUFFA
KER, L. L. CROCKETT, J. S. SHOR-
MAKER.

BUY AND SELL

CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE.

MINING STOCK. U. S. BONDS.

MAKE COLLECTIONS.

RECEIVE DEPOSITS
And do a general

BANKING BUSINESS.

Correspondents Anglo-Californian Bank,
San Francisco
Messrs. J. & W. Seligman & Co., New York
Latham & King, Brokers.....San Francisco

AGENTS FOR

Phoenix of Hartford, home
of New York, and Lon-
don Assurance

Fire Insurance Companies.
BANK open daily from 9 A. M. to 4
P. M. 1-161f

Saddles and Harness.

I HAVE A FINE STOCK OF EVERY-
thing found in the Harness and Saddle
line, such as

**Whips, Bridles, Curry Combs,
Horse Blankets,**

LATEST STYLE SADDLES & IMPROVED HARNESS

All Articles Warranted

Orders and Repairs promptly attended to,
and at the lowest cash prices.

LEE'S STABLE,

Corner Sierra and Fourth Streets, Reno.
1f **J. C. MCCEE**

STAR MARKET.

GEO. SCHAEFFER.....Proprietor.

Sierra Street, near Third.

I KEEP constantly on hand a large supply
of choice

Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork,

Sausage, Etc.

Which will be sold at the lowest market rates
Particular pains taken to please customers
Give me a call. GEO. SCHAEFFER.
[2-241f]

The National Gold Medal was awarded
to Bradley & Rulofson for the best Photo
graphs in the United States, and the Vienna
Medal for the best in the world.

429 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

ARLINGTON AVENUE

NURSERIES!

RENO, NEVADA.

THESE are the largest nurseries in the
State of Nevada, where is grown every-
thing in the nursery line adapted to our cli-
mate, such as

APPLES, PEARS,

PLUMS, PEACHES,

CHERRIES, QUINCES,

Apricots, Nectarines,

Grape Vines, and all Small Fruits,

Butternuts, Walnuts, American

and Spanish Chestnuts, Hardy

Evergreens and Deciduous

Ornamental Weeping Trees

such as Norway Spruce.

American Golden and

Siberian Arbor-
vitae,

Irish Juniper, that beautiful Ever-
green ornamental shrub, the Koa-

dodendron, English Horse

Chestnuts, Silver Maple,

Standard and Weeping

Mountain Ash, Weep-
ing Willows,

A fine assortment of Hybrid

China, Tea and Moss

Roses.

And many other varieties of trees, shrubs and
plants not mentioned. Persons interested in
the growing of fruit and ornamental trees
shrubs, etc., are invited to call and see our
Nurseries.

R. P. CHAPIN,

Manager.

Arlington Avenue Nurseries,
Reno, Nev.

SACRAMENTO AS A TRADE CENTER.

The business men of Sacramento, as well as
all her people, have now the firmest confi-
dence in her future greatness. She has with-
stood the greatest flood on record in this
valley, and has demonstrated beyond a ques-
tion that with the careful measures being
adopted for the perpetuity of her system of
levees, she is forever safe from the ravages of
the waters.

**How and Why She can Supply
Goods of Every Description
Cheaper than They can be
Bought in San Francisco.**

We answer—because she has advantages
possessed by no other locality—saving in
freight charges, no wharf rates, low rents and
light expense. Her merchants buy direct
from the large manufacturing of the East and
have the goods shipped by rail to their doors.

Sacramento contains some of the oldest
and most firmly established mercantile houses
on this coast—including everything in the
line of groceries, hardware, agricultural im-
plements, paints and oils, stationery, crockery,
liquors, drugs, clothing, carpets, gas fittings,
jewelry, woodenware and earthenware, fami-
larity, stoves and tinware, boots and shoes, etc.

Her manufactures are extensive and varied,
including carriages and wagons, machinery,
brass work, pails and tubs, boxes, brooms and
mops, etc.; her book and news depots are of
the best. She possesses every facility for
doing any style of printing and binding. No
better hotels or markets can be found any-
where.

She possesses many fine dry goods houses,
clothing houses, millinery shops, fancy goods
stores, etc.; her book and news depots are of
the best. She possesses every facility for
doing any style of printing and binding. No
better hotels or markets can be found any-
where.

INTERIOR MERCHANTS intending to make
purchases for the Spring and Summer of 1878
will find it to their advantage to

STOP AT SACRAMENTO

And talk with our Importers, Dealers, a
Manufacturers, and thus save

Time and Money.

We offer quick supplies, low prices and
saving in freight charges.

Sacramento Can and Will Sell

Cheaper than any other City

Town on this Coast, and Give

as Good an Article.
Mahro, 90 1878-1m.

Breuner's

FURNITURE EMPORIUM.

Nos. 166, 168 & 170,

K Street Sacramento, Cal.

THIS FURNITURE WARE ROOM IS
the largest on the coast, having a frontage
of sixty feet and one hundred and twenty
deep, and filled with the finest assortment of

HOME MANUFACTURED AND

Imported Chamber Suites,

PARLOR WORK OF ALL DE-

SCRIPTIONS.

THE MANUFACTURE OF

Hair Top and Spring Mattresses

A SPECIALTY.

Received gold medal from the California
State Fair Association for the best exhibit in
1873, and the silver medal for the best display
of Furniture at the Nevada State Fair for 1876.
Hotel keepers and others are specially
invited to examine this extensive stock, which
I am now offering at prices

THAT DEFY COMPETITION.

STEINWAY

PIANOS

Received the Highest Award

CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION

AT PHILADELPHIA.

GRANDS!

SQUARES!

UPRIGHTS!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF NEW
Styles. Prices from \$475 to \$1300. For
sale for cash or on the installment plan. Il-
lustrated catalogues mailed on application
to

Matthias Gray,

105 Kearny Street.



Complete Triumph

AT THE CENTENNIAL.

As shown by the figures of the judges,
which are the fundamental basis of all awards.

"WEBER."

Bristow, Knapp, Oliver, Schiedmayer.
Tone... 5 5 5 5
Equality... 6 6 6 6
Quality... 6 6 6 6
Touch... 6 6 6 6
24 24 24 24-25

Thus the Weber Piano Received

95 out of a Possible 96,

While the highest number reached by any
other of the forty manufacturers who com-
peted, was only

91 out of a Possible 96;

And a juror adds: "Weber's Pianos were ex-
ceptionally the BEST PIANOS on exhibi-
tion. Weber's Grand Piano was the most
WONDERFUL PIANO I EVER TOUCHED OR
HEARD," and Weber Pianos must be recog-
nized beyond controversy as the

"Standard for Excellence in

Every Particular."

UNDOUBTEDLY SUPERIOR to those of
the American Manufacturers claiming the
first prize at London, Paris and Vienna.

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS

Of \$100 or more cash, balance \$25
per month, with interest.

Pacific Coast Agency

FOR THE UNRIVALLED

Estey Organs,

AND THE

Justly Celebrated

Standard Organs

Constantly on hand a large assortment of
Reliable

CHEAP PIANOS.

\$50 or more cash; balance, \$15 or \$20
monthly, with interest.

German Uprights

FULL IRON FRAME,

EASY PAYMENTS

For New Music,

Music Books,

Small Instruments,

Or any Article in the Music

Trade, Call on or Address